THE ANTIOCH NEWS.

Pledged to The Republican Policy of Reciprocity and Protection to American Industries, as Formulated in The Republican National Platform.

VOL. XVII. ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS, THURSDAY, MAY 26, 1904. NO. 40

PEOPLE THAT YOU KNOW

WHAT THEY ARE DOING---WHERE THEY GO.

Interesting Items Gathered Here and There in Our Journeyings About Town.

ELGIN, ILL., May 24.—No butter was offered and no sales. Official market firm at 18¾c; last week 19½c; last year 21c. Output of week, 667,500 lbs.

Geo. Wallis was a Chicago visitor Monday.

Misses Ada and Pearl Lux were Chicago visitors Monday.

Walter Taylor was a Chicago passenger Monday morning.

Mrs. Chinn and son, Frank were Chicago visitors Tuesday.

Alex Tweed of Ingleside was calling on Antioch friends Tuesday.

L. W. Rowling of Lake Villa was transacting business in Antioch Monday.

W. T. Wentworth and Ed. Martin of Millburn were Antioch callers Tuesday.

The "Gifford" hotel at Channel Lake will be opened for the season this week.

Miss Fannie Dennick has accepted a position as clerk in Williams Bros. store.

Mrs. C. M. Cribb of Lake Villa is spending the week with relatives and friends here.

Cyclone insurance on your buildings in the village costs you $4.00 on a $1,000 for three years. J. C. James, Jr.

On last Thursday L. B. Grice sold to W. R. Giddings, the Sumner Spafford residence in Antioch.

Don't forget the Adalaide Whitmore Vaudeville and Dramatic company is coming the 4th of June.

Write to Alden, Bidinger & Co., Waukegan, Ill., for prices and terms on new and used pianos and organs. 6tf

Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Confer and children visited at Millburn Sunday, the guests of Geo. B. Stephens and family.

For Sale—Harness and surrey, cheap for cash or good paper. Call at the Baker Lumber Company's office. 40w2

Be sure to come to the entertainment at the Opera House given by the Adalaide Whitmore company, on Saturday evening June 4.

The Royal Neighbors are requested to meet at their camp room Monday, May 30th at eight o'clock a. m. By order of the Oracle.

Pasturing—I have accomodations for either horses or cattle. Good feed and plenty of water. Inquire of Robt. Selter, Grass Lake Ill. 37w2

A new cement walk has been laid on the east side of Lake avenue, from the corner of Main street to R. S. Higgins' property, which is a great improvement to the street property.

Seed Corn—Early Yellow Dent and Iow Gold Mine. Is bought with the understanding that it is raised in Northern Illinois. For sale by the Barker Lumber Company. 39tf

The members of Irwin Dist. Court, number 547, Court of Honor are requested to meet at their rooms on Monday, May 30 at 8:30 a. m. for the purpose of joining the memorial parade.

Don't forget the grand ball to be held at the Antioch Opera House on Monday evening, May 30. Music will be furnished by Reichert & Hertel. Tickets 75 cents per couple. Everybody welcome.

On Saturday evening of this week will occur the commencement exercises of the Antioch High school at the opera house. Appropriate exercises have been arranged and a small admission fee will be charged.

The Ladies Aid society of the M. E. church will hold its regular meeting on Wednesday afternoon, June 1, in the church basement. Supper served from five till seven o'clock. Jessie E. Higgins, Sec'y.

John E. Ballard of Libertyville and Arthur Bulkley of Waukegan spent the day here Tuesday. Mr. Bulkley is a candidate for the office of States Attorney and while here made a favorable impression on the citizens of Antioch.

The cement sidewalk that is this week being put down by Ira Soule is not only a credit to him but to the town as well. If the property owners only felt that they could afford to have their walks on Main street replaced by cement during the summer in connection with the new brick buildings this would add greatly to the appearance of our town. The improvements in front of the property of J. J. Morley is much admired by all interested in the good work. We understand that Messers Thayer, Webb, and Sibley will also have cement walks in front of their new buildings.

L. B. Grice was transacting business at the county seat Monday.

Pasture land for rent. Inquire of Wm. Keulman, Antioch.

Mrs. Dr. Swartz and baby will arrive home next week.

T. A. Emmons spent Sunday with relatives at Libertyville.

Mr. and Mrs. Eldora Horton were Chicago passengers Monday morning.

Mrs. George Yopp and sister of Grass Lake were Chicago passengers Monday.

For Rent—a seven room house with barn, in Antioch. Inquire of H. E. Ries.

Rev. E. J. Aikin, of Aurora was calling on his many Antioch friends Monday and Tuesday, returning to his home Wednesday morning.

The Woodmen have rented of Geo. Webb the hall in his new building, and will occupy the entire upper floor with the exception of two offices in the front.

Rev. Cleworth will preach a memorial sermon at the M. E. Church next Sunday morning. All the veterans of this community are cordially invited to this service Regular service Sunday evening.

Bargains—New house six acres land, just out of town $2,000. Seven room house and lot with barn in town $850 Nine room new house, barn, everything first class $1,675. Have other properties. J. C. James, Jr.

The Memorial Day exercises will be held in Mr. Warren Williams' grove. A program consisting of speeches, music, and recitations will be rendered. Come one and all and pay a tribute of respect to the departed soldiers.

A special car has been chartered for Saturday evening by the officers and employes of the Hibernian National bank of Chicago, in which they expect to take a trip to Antioch and will spend Sunday and Monday at the Sylvan Beech hotel.

A special invitaion is extended to each and all of the various secret organizations to join with the soldiers and citizens in the parade to the cemetery on Memorial Day, and should they see fit it is requested that each lodge wear its badges or regalias.

The brick work on the Sibley building and also on the Thayer and Webb buildings is now completed and the workmen are busily engaged in finishing the interior, and all expect to be ready for business by the middle of June.

On Monday a committee of Supervisors and the Commissioners of the town of Antioch met for the purpose of receiving bids for the new iron bridge across Mill Creek. The Continental Bridge company of Chicago, being the lowest bidder was awarded the contract. The bridge will cost $1588, will have a concrete floor and is to be completed by September first.

Reopening of Beswick's Studio.

C. A. Beswick has rented the photo-studio rooms in the new Thayer block and will reopen his business as soon as the building is completed, which will be in a very short time. The rooms and skylights are second to none in the country and better work will be turned out than ever before.

On the first or opening week, Mr. Beswick will give special inducements to all sitters, which all parties desiring photographs should take advantage of. The studio will be fitted with all new and modern apparatus, and promptness in getting work finished will be one of the chief features of the new place. Full particulars in regard to the opening week and exact date of same will be given in a latter issue. Watch for them.

Speed Program for McHenry Co. Fair.

The following speed program presented by the committee was adopted:

WEDNESDAY, AUG. 24.

2.13 pace, stake	$500.00
2.23 trot stake	300.00
3.00 trot, stake	300.00
THURSDAY, AUG. 25.	
2.27 trot, stake	500.00
2.19 pace, stake	300.00
Mixed race, 2.40 trotters, 2.50 pacers, stake	250.00
FRIDAY, AUG. 26.	
2.17 trot, stake	500.00
2.29 trot, stake	300.00
2.10 pace, stake	250.00

Democratic Caucus.

The Democratic voters of the Township of Antioch are requested to meet at the Village Hall Wednesday, 2 o'clock p. m., June 1st, for the purpose of organizing the county convention to be held at Libertyville June 2nd.

J. C. James, Jr.
Committeman.

Credit For the Y. M. C. A.

Dr. Lyman Abbott says the Young Men's Christian Association has done more to unite the Protestant churches of Great Britain and America than any other agency.

TO ATTACK PORT ARTHUR

BY LAND WITH A LARGE JAPANESE ARMY

Picked Veterans of Chino-Japanese War to Form the Main Storming Column on the Stronghold

Active preparations are now in progress for the reduction of Port Arthur. It is understood that the place will be attacked by a portion of the Fifth division, forming part of the third army. This force has been carefully chosen. It consists mainly of veterans drawn from the Yamaguchi prefecture, who had experiences in the Chino-Japanese war, and who have served the longest possible period with honor. Very heavy artillery is being landed on the Liao Tung peninsular. The Japanese are determined on the reduction of the fortress by storm no matter at what cost.

The second army will not take part in the operations against Port Arthur, but will join the first army, which is now marching toward Harbin. There has been no modification in the Japanese land plans. The present seeming inaction is merely due to the unexpectedly successful course of events. The resumption of aggressive land operations will be shared in by all the land forces. In no way have the recent naval losses affected Admiral Togo's general plan.

Florence Metcalf Dead.

Florence Metcalf, the nine year old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Elsworth Metcalf, of Gurnee, died Tuesday morning at the family home of peritonitis.

The little girl has been sick for several weeks, submitting to an operation about three weeks ago. She rallied nicely and was thought to be recovering, when the end suddenly came.

The funeral will be held from the home at 2 o'clock this (Thursday) afternoon. The family has the sympathy of all.

KEYS IN FORMER DAYS.

Were Real Works of Art in Their Ornamentation.

In the sixteenth century European iron workers produced keys enriched with ornaments in relief and treated as works of art. Nothing could be more graceful than the embossed figures, coats of arms and grotesque arabesques which embellish the bows, which in this utilitarian age are replaced by ordinary metal rings. The keys were first cast and then chiseled by an expert artisan. The so-called "Strozzi key," formerly the property of Henri III of France, changed hands a few years ago for the enormous sum of $6,000. The bow represents two sphinxes with grotesque heads, back to back, on the capital of a column. The stem is in the form of two concentric pipes; the bit is shredded like a very fine comb. Another famous key dates from the beginning of the seventeenth century; the elaborate bow represents two seated male figures supporting a ducal coronet. A third key is exceptionally ornate; the entire available space is enriched with arabesques, terminating in cupids, reclining river gods, a standing figure of Victory and similar devices. The stem of this key is supported by figures of a man and a woman.

The First Moving Day.

It was a touching scene. The husband was sitting heavily against the wall, his hair was disheveled and his eyes were staring vacantly at the dreary waste before him. The wife was sobbing disconsolately and toying with a few faded flowers. They were without a home—dispossessed. There were no household effects scattered about; no furniture van backed up to claim a parlor suite that had been purchased on the installment plan; no pitying throng was there to look on—they were alone, homeless, forced to move!

Suddenly the man scratched his head abstractedly and asked:

"Say, Eve, what day of the month is this?"

"The first of May, Adam," answered the weeping woman.

The Arab Pony.

The Arab is virtually a pony, standing 14.2 hands, oftener under than over. He is not fast, even at the gallop; indeed, he is slow. He is a very poor trotter, both as regards speed and action; a bad hack, and cannot walk without continually sticking his toe in the ground. He is totally unfitted for harness and is uncomfortable to ride except at the gallop; this is his natural gait, and in it his movement is free, smooth, delightful and easy.—Sporting News.

Long-Lived Married Women.

By far the greater part of the centenarians who died in 1903 were women, and nearly all of them were married. One of these specimens of longevity had not slept out of London for sixty years, which fact the Lady's Pictorial takes as a proof of the purity and invigorating power of London air.

Memorial Day Services.

On Monday, May 30, the soldiers and citizens of Antioch will observe Memorial Day on a larger scale than ever before.

The whole affair is to be managed by ladies, the Antioch Hillside Cemetery association having the matter in charge, and it is needless to say that nothing will be left undone to make this a grand success and these energetic workers will spare no time, trouble or expense to make this day one long to be remembered. The Luther Crane Post, of Burlington accompanied by a brass band will unite with the Antioch veterans. A drum corps will furnish martial music. Rev. Wm. C. Cleworth and Prof. F. N. Gaggin and other prominent speakers will address the meeting. A chorus of fifty voices will render a few appropriate selections.

The ladies extend a cordial invitation to all the various secret organizations of the town to join with the veterans, Uncle Sam and the Goddess of Liberty in the parade to the cemetery where the graves of the departed soldiers will be decorated with flags and flowers.

From 11:30 till 2:00 o'clock dinner will be served in the basement of the M. E. church. At two o'clock services will begin in the Warren Williams grove.

All merchants and citizens are requested to decorate their places of business and residences, and a general invitation is extended to all the surrounding country to unite with us in observing this day.

"KEEP OUT THE FLIES."

Pathetic Reason for Old Man's Constant Reiteration.

"Somethin' to keep out the flies, mum; somethin' to keep out the flies." Day after day, week in and week out, sunshine or rain, the housewives in the Mission hear this cry from a little old man who owns a little carpenter shop on Castro street, near where the cars turn. He has been there for years, and during all that time he has done nothing but make screen-covered cupboards—something to keep out the flies." Occasionally he will take an order for a screen door.

An order for a cupboard pleases him greatly and is always received with a chuckle and a muttered something about flies, "the pesky critters."

Recently a woman who ordered a cupboard from him sought to find out why he had such a hatred for flies. For a time all she got from the old man was a mumbled "Keep 'em out, the pesky critters—keep 'em out."

She persisted in the inquiry, and after a minute or two the old man, with a savage look in his eyes, snapped out:

"Twenty years ago in Missouri I had a wife and five children. We had a nice little farm. In a town five miles from us there was a plague. The flies carried it to my little farm. Within a week wife and little ones died. Keep 'em out, the pesky critters; keep 'em out."—San Francisco Call.

Before and After.

A pompous man wearing a silk hat, which surmounted a fringe of white hair, boarded an elevated train at Sixty-sixth street. The train started before he was seated and he lurched heavily against a giddily dressed woman. The encounter took place so quickly that he did not have time to see his fair neighbor, but a rapid glance from the corner of his eye, as he pivoted into place, showed him an attractive form.

"Beg pardon, miss," he ejaculated, as he settled himself and turned toward her. Then he got a glimpse of hair as white as his own, and added hastily, "or madame."

His embarrassment, apparently, was equaled by her indignation, for at the first opportunity she moved to another seat.—New York Press.

Two Notable Army Officers.

First Lieutenant Rudolph E. Sniper of the Fourteenth cavalry is believed to be the youngest commissioned officer in the United States army. He was born Dec. 5, 1882. The tallest officer is Lieut. Ernest D. Peek, first lieutenant, corps of engineers, a native of Wisconsin. Lieut. Peek stands six feet four and a half inches and was a star graduate at West Point, where the other boys used to call him "Pike's Peak." He has given especial attention to road construction and soon after his graduation supervised the building of a military road which is now know nas "Peek's Pike."

No Red-Headed Dolls.

"Dolls," said a dealer in such things, "are made in marvelous variety. And yet there are no red heads among them. All are either blondes or brunettes.

"You never thought of this before? Very likely not. But if you look through any stock of dolls, anywhere, you will find it to be true, that there are no red-headed dolls.

"They might be made that way, of course, if they were wanted, as easily as they could be made with blonde or with dark hair, but there is no demand for them."

A STABBING AFFRAY

FIVE MEN ENGAGE IN BATTLE WITH KNIVES.

Two Waukegan Workmen Seriously Mutilated in an Assault But Escape Serious Injuries

Five men engaged in a desperate battle Monday night on Sheridan Road, Waukegan. Ernest Buff and August Hilfinger were returning home. They had finished an arduous day's work for the Great Lakes Dredge and Dock company, where both were employed.

As they neared Water street, going down Sheridan Road, three men, some of them bearing knives, jumped from hiding and attacked them. Valiantly the two Germans defended themselves, but they were well nigh powerless against knives. One of their assailants flourished a huge opened clasp knife, while upon the person of another, when he was captured, was found a giant case knife.

At the close of the fight Buff was found to have received a gash over the right eye from which the ball of the eye gushed, a slash on the right cheek and a wound clear across the forehead. Hilfinger had the tip of his ear cut off and received other minor gashes and bruises.

When the police arrived on the scene the battle was over, but Buff and Hilfinger asserted their ability to identify the thugs. Officers arrested three men and they have been partially identified and are held under $500 bonds each.

DO YOU KNOW THIS TEXT?

Colored Man Slightly Mixed Up on the Gospel.

Col. John S. Cunningham, a well-known North Carolinian, who was in Washington the other day, is an interesting Southern type. He loves the good things of life, but, on occasion, is capable of fervid religious exhortation. Members of the North Carolina delegation are relating this story of him:

A few months ago Col. Cunningham, by invitation, addressed a large assembly of negroes in his native county. He had just returned from a trip to Philadelphia and had visited Girad college. He gave his audience a vivid description of that institution and brought tears to the eyes of the colored people as he dwelt upon the philanthropy that had inspired the appropriation of money for such a great refuge for the orphan. He then, in another strain, with equal realism, painted the horrors of the hereafter awaiting bad negroes. His superstitious hearers groaned with terror.

Shortly afterward a friend of the colonel's met an old-time darkey in the big road. "I never knowed Mars John wuz a preacher," said the old fellow, "but he's the powerfulest exhorter I ever seen. Us colored folks never heerd the like of the way he preached down at the Springs t'other day."

"What was his text, Uncle?"

The old negro scratched his head several times before he replied: "Well, sah, I doesn't 'zactly remember, but it wuz somethin' about hellfire and Philadelphy, and I think it's in the book of Soulom."

Story Made Carnegie Smile.

One of the last stories told to Andrew Carnegie before his recent departure for Europe amused him greatly.

The fond father who told the story was trying to impress upon his young son the necessity of contributing to the support of the poor through the medium of the church contribution box, and the lad was objecting to parting with his pennies.

"Don't give unless you really feel you would enjoy doing so," said the father, "for you know the Lord loveth only the cheerful giver."

The boy was silent for a moment. Then he blurted out:

"Gee, he must be dead stuck on Andrew Carnegie!"—New York Times.

A Hot Time in Prospect.

One of the many charitable women who are interested in the work of the University Settlement among the New York East Side poor tells of this incident, which occurred quite recently while she was making a round of visits in the tenements. She entered one tiny apartment just as the doctor who was attending a sick child was leaving. He had ordered for the little patient a bath as hot as she could bear. While the visitor was talking to the physician the mother of the child came to the head of the stairs and yelled to her neighbor below:

"Mrs. Casey, will you lend me the loan of a washtub to scald the babby in?"

California Raisins in Favor.

The importation of raisins, which formerly amounted to nearly 2,000,000 boxes a year, has been reduced to almost nothing by the California crop.

WOULD HAVE LET THEM DROWN

Slight Change Critic Suggested in Young Author's Book.

"At your request," said the kindly critic to the young author, "I have read your book from beginning to end."

"So good of you," returned the young author. And now I want you to feel that you can speak frankly and tell me just what you think about it. I suppose you saw a great deal in it that you would change if it were left to you."

"No-o," replied the kindly critic, thoughtfully. "On the whole I think I may say there was very little."

"Really!" exclaimed the young author, delightedly. "Do you know, I had an idea you'd tear the whole book to pieces, figuratively speaking, of course. I can't tell you how pleased I am. But of course there are some changes that you would advise relative to the publication of a second edition. What are they?"

"There's only one that's of much importance," said the critic.

"And that?" asked the young author inquiringly.

"Why, that's where the hero jumps from the yacht into the ocean to save the heroine from drowning."

"Is it to thrilling? Wouldn't you have him jump after her?" inquired the young author anxiously.

"No, it's not too thrilling," was the reply, "and of course I would have him go in after her, but, you see, they are both rescued. I would not have that."

"You—you wouldn't have them rescued?"

"Certainly not. Let them both drown."

"But this happens in the first chapter—almost the first thing in the book."

"Precisely. That's just when it ought to happen."

MAIDS WHO USE MONOCLES.

Chamberlain Said to be Responsible for a New London Fad.

Yet another complication has been added to the trials of the nervous society man. Inspection from a dowager duchess through a pair of lorgnettes has been hitherto the most depressing ordeal an "at home" could provide, but now there is the maid with the monocle.

A Bond street tradesman was representative yesterday that hundreds of young society girls are buying these fascinating articles of attire. In some cases they are being worn by those with some weakness of the eyes who would formerly have sought help from pince-nez, but for the most part the fair purchasers have no such excuse. They regard the monocles as an added charm.

A number of ingenious devices have been added to the monocle in order to enable its new admirers to wear it easily. A wide gold mount is one of the best of these, as it prevents the long lashes of a girl's eyes from pushing the glass and thus causing it to fall.

The sympathy of the ladies of this country for Garibaldi inclined them to wear the blouse. The ever-recurring interest in Napoleon has been the cause of innumerable changes in dress and is held by experts in sartorial matters to be the influence that recently sent every girl into a three-cornered hat.

Now comes the late colonial secretary's monocle. Perhaps Admiral Togo may be the subject of a delicate tribute of this kind shortly.—London Mirror.

Silver Cools Coffee.

Two business men were hastily eating their midday luncheon a few days ago when one of them, in attempting to drink a cup of scalding coffee, set it down with an exclamation of pain as the hot fluid burned his throat. "It is a poor waiter," remarked the other, "who does not see that coffee is of a proper temperature before he puts it on the table, but just place a silver spoon in that and in a very short time it will be cooler." He explained that silver is a wonderful absorbent of heat, and carries it out of the coffee. He added that he had a friend who had a silversmith make two small bars of solid silver, which he uses at home for cooling his coffee.—Philadelphia Record.

Skilled Labor of Women.

Woman's skilled labor is more used in Finland probably than anywhere else.

LOCAL MARKET REPORT.

Oats	40@
Corn—70 lbs. ear	
Hay	$7 00@$13 00
MILL FEED.	
Bran	$20 00
Middlings	20 00@22 00
Gluton	21 00
Oil Meal, per 100 lbs.	1 35
Chicken Feed Wheat	1 50
Hogs.	
Hogs—Live weight	$ 5 00
Hogs—Dressed	6 75
POULTRY.	
Turkeys	10c
Ducks	9c
Geese	8½c
Chickens—Live weight	9c

The Antioch News.

A. B. JOHNSON, Publisher.

ANTIOCH, - - - ILLINOIS.

EVENTS OF THE WEEK

Hugh Matthews, colored, was executed at Ellicott City, Md., for the murder of Hugh McAvoy, also colored. Strong efforts had been made to secure his pardon, but Gov. Warfield refused to interfere. The culprit made a gallows speech denying his guilt.

The Stony Brook plant of the United Boxboard and Paper Company at Whippany, four miles from Morristown, N. J., was practically destroyed by fire. The building and machinery are said to have cost $350,000. The plant had a capacity of fifty tons of finished product daily.

In Tiffin, Ohio, Daniel Crum, a wealthy farmer, and his hired man, Albert Rice, were shot and fatally wounded by Adam Reinman. Reinman was convicted of stealing chickens from Crum a year ago, Crum and Rice testifying against him. Reinman frequently swore vengeance.

Chief Wilkie, of the secret service, reports the arrest at Seattle, Wash., of S. B. Stevens, alias Tuttle; W. S. Cree and Alfred Larsen, and the seizure of $20,000 worth of smuggled crude opium. The smugglers are said to have used two skeleton pianos in which to ship the opium from Victoria.

The corner stone of the machine shop of the Farmers' Co-operative Harvesting Machine Company was laid in Springfield, Ohio, with ceremony. William N. Whitely is head of the enterprise, which is backed by the grangers of the country. The shops will make everything in the way of agricultural implements. The company expects to employ 3,000 men.

A report has been received stating that a massacre had taken place near Malabang, on the southern coast of Mindanao. Fifty-three Filipino men, women and children, the families of employes of the United States military government at Malabang, were surprised at midnight while asleep by the Datto Alis and a band of Moros from the Rio Grande valley, and slaughtered.

The clubs in the National League are standing thus:

	W.	L.		W.	L.
Cincinnati	22	10	Pittsburg	13	15
Chicago	19	10	Brooklyn	13	17
New York	18	10	Boston	10	18
St. Louis	16	13	Philadelphia	5	23

Following is the standing of the clubs in the American League:

	W.	L.		W.	L.
Boston	19	9	Cleveland	14	12
Philadelphia	16	12	St. Louis	13	14
New York	15	12	Detroit	10	18
Chicago	17	14	Washington	6	19

Standings in the American Association are as follows:

	W.	L.		W.	L.
St. Paul	18	11	Louisville	16	15
Milwaukee	17	11	Toledo	9	15
Columbus	15	10	Minneapolis	11	17
Indianapolis	14	13	Kansas City	9	17

NEWS NUGGETS.

Rev. James R. Day, a newly elected bishop, caused surprise in Methodist conference by declining the honor. His resignation was accepted.

The five-story building of the Stambaugh-Thompson Hardware Company at Youngstown, Ohio, was burned, the estimated loss being $100,000.

George Lehrter, of St. Louis, pleaded guilty in the United States District Court to coloring and selling oleomargarine without labeling it as such and was fined $1,000.

The Presbyterian general assembly in Buffalo enjoined its ministers not to marry divorced persons, except those divorced for reasons recognized by their church.

In less than a month Bonesteel, S. D., has grown from a village of 300 to a 3,000. Homesteaders are rushing there ready for the opening of the Rosebud reservation.

Colombia has given notice that no American diplomatic representative is desired at Bogota, and Minister Russell has been detained at Panama by Washington orders.

The Ohio Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows, in session at Youngstown, sustained Grand Master Pavey in excluding saloonkeepers and bartenders from membership in the order.

William Birtch, office boy for Louis E. Reinsch, a Buffalo importer, followed two thieves, whom he detected stealing diamonds worth $500 from his employer, and secured their arrest.

A well-known Washington correspondent quotes Judge Parker as saying privately that he believes he is big enough to be President and that he could learn the high duties of the office.

One man and two boys were killed and six men and two girls seriously injured by an explosion which occurred in the fireworks factory of Jose Sclone, on the outskirts of Camden, N. J.

Fifteen thousand Japanese were killed and wounded in attempt to storm Port Arthur. Russian loss was 3,000, according to telegram said to have been received by Foreign Minister Lamsdorff at St. Petersburg.

Former Land Commissioner E. S. Boyd and Chief Clerk N. S. Mahuln were arrested at Honolulu on charges of embezzlement. Peculations aggregating over $10,000 and extending back for four or five years are alleged.

James B. Neal, a deserter from Company A, Thirtieth Infantry, surrendered to the sheriff at New Ulm, Minn. His home is at Crawfordsville, Iowa, and he enlisted last December and deserted from Fort Crook, Neb., April 28.

Mrs. William C. Gotshall, wife of the president of the New York and Port Chester Railway Company, was probably fatally injured by a stone thrown by one of a gang of East Side roughs in New York City while she was riding in an automobile with her husband.

Lightning caused great damage at the stock farm of Dunham, Fletcher & Coleman, near Elgin, Ill. One of the largest barns on the place, containing twenty-four blooded horses, many of them imported from France, was burned to the ground, and only two of the animals were saved.

TWO BIG TRIALS.

Murder Cases at Rising Sun and Bedford, Indiana, of Wide Interest.

A census of the shotguns in Rising Sun, Ind., was a feature of Tuesday's hearing in the Gillespie murder trial. The result was believed to count against Defendants James Gillespie and Myron Barbour.

Deputy Sheriff Overly testified that there was only one gun in the village that carried the size shell with which Elizabeth Gillespie was killed, and that was owned by James Gillespie. This testimony was not quite consistent with that of Benjamin Harris, a hardware dealer, who said he had heard there were two other such guns owned in the village, but had seen only Gillespie's.

Everett Downey and Otto Woodburn testified that the night before Thanksgiving Myron Barbour entered the shop at which both were employed and placed a box of shells upon the table. Downey said they were sixteen gauge shells, the kind used in Gillespie's gun and the kind with which Elizabeth was shot.

Theodore W. Franklin, a detective, told of a conversation with Myron Barbour, in which Barbour showed him in his bank a riot gun which he said he was going to use on some man who had slandered him and Mrs. Barbour. Barbour told him he could not have said to Earl Seward, "He ought not to have shot for poor grandma's sake," because he was out of breath. The witness said he asked Barbour who shot Miss Gillespie. "You don't think I did," was the reply.

At the opening of the morning session Sheriff Rumh reported to Judge Downey of James Gillespie's attempt to assault him on the previous evening and the court warned the defendant that any repetition of such conduct would result in a court order placing him in irons.

At Bedford, Ind., Tuesday a jury was secured for the trial of James McDonald, charged with the murder of Sarah Shafer, and is composed of eleven farmers and one Mitchell business man. The twelve men were taken over the scene of the murder, and then Prosecuting Attorney Miller of Bloomington opened the case.

The witnesses examined on the first day were Dr. and Mrs. T. D. Nicholson, at whose home Miss Schafer roomed until Christmas; Clinton S. Norton, member, and Supt. Alexander of the school board; Miss Lillian Stout, teacher, and Miss Arda Knox, principal of the high school; and William Owen, an electrician, who testified to the light on the street on the night of the murder; Mrs. Mary F. Cook, Euphemis Cook, and Sutor Harrison.

AN EPIDEMIC IN NEW YORK.

Thousands of Cases of Measles in All Parts of the Metropolis.

According to the New York commissioner of health the metropolis is now suffering the worst epidemic of measles in its history. From April 1 to April 23, inclusive, 3,166 cases of measles have been reported to the health department, while the records of the preceding months since the beginning of winter were equally high. On the east side and in other congested sections of the city there are undoubtedly many more cases that have not been reported. How portentous these figures are may be gathered from the fact that in the corresponding period of last year there were only 504 cases. The largest daily number then was 40, whereas this year—in April alone—it was 185. The lowest daily record for this month thus far is 105, as against 10 for April, 1903.

While measles is not necessarily fatal, physicians agree that there is too much disposition by citizens in general to treat the disease with carelessness. In such cases, they say, other diseases of far graver nature may easily develop and cause the death of the patient. Pneumonia is the ailment most easily contracted by patients suffering from measles who have been subjected to exposure or in other ways not given proper care and treatment, but it is not the only one, and there have been many cases of death during the present epidemic due to various diseases directly traceable to measles in the beginning.



Latest returns from the Florida primaries indicate the choice of Senator Taliaferro to succeed himself.

Pennsylvania Republican leaders have received notice that Senator Quay wants his son Richard to succeed him in the Senate.

The Kentucky Democratic State convention to select delegates to the St. Louis convention will be held at Louisville June 8.

Ex-Mayor James A. Reed of Kansas City has announced his withdrawal from the race for the Democratic nomination for Governor of Missouri.

West Virginia Democrats are planning to spring Henry S. Wilson of Parkersburg as a candidate for Vice President at the St. Louis convention.

Patrick McDonnell, pugilist and politician of Duluth, Minn., will rule over the Democratic national convention at St. Louis as sergeant-at-arms.

After a bitter fight on the floor of the California State Democratic convention, the delegation to the national convention was instructed to vote for Congressman W. R. Hearst as presidential nominee. The vote stood 365 for instructions to 348 against.

Secretary of the Treasury Shaw in an address before the Republican Club at Des Moines made a strong plea for the continuation of the protective tariff.

The Indiana Socialist Labor party convention at Indianapolis nominated E. J. Dillon of Marion for Governor and Ernest Vieyegh of Bridgeport for Lieutenant Governor.

Inquiry at Washington has brought out the fact that Assistant Secretary of the Treasury Taylor of Wisconsin was the original proposer of Congressman Hitt for the nomination for the vice presidency.

TWO WARSHIPS SUNK

JAP CRUISER AND BATTLESHIP GO DOWN.

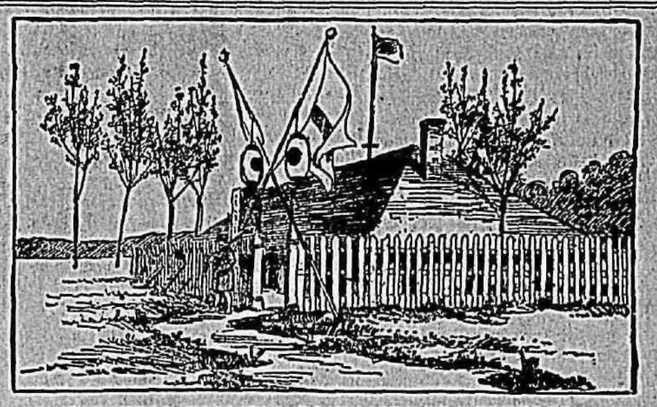
Cruiser Yoshina Sinks in Collision Off Port Arthur—Battleship Hatsuse Hits Russian Mine—Over Nine Hundred Japs Are Reported Lost.

Vice Admiral Togo of the Japanese navy gives out a report from Rear Admiral Dewa saying that the cruisers Kasaga and Yoshino collided during a fog off Port Arthur on May 15. The Yoshino sank, only ninety of her crew being saved. On the same day the battleship Hatsuse struck a Russian mine and sank.

The Hatsuse was one of the old-model ships in the Japanese fleet, having been built in 1880. Her displacement was 15,000 tons and her complement 741 men. The Hatsuse had a length of 400 feet and a speed of 10 knots an hour. She was equipped with four 12-inch guns, fourteen 6-inch guns and thirty-two small guns.

The Yoshino has a displacement of 4,150 tons, a length of 350 feet and a speed of 23 knots an hour. She was built in 1892 and her complement consisted of 300 men. Her equipment comprised four 6-inch guns, eight 4-inch guns and 28 small guns.

This is the most serious loss sustained by the Japanese navy during the war. The Russians are highly elated over the disaster and telegrams from St. Petersburg announce the fact that there is great rejoicing in the Muscovite capital over what the Czar's subjects see as the beginning of Russian successes.



JAPANESE HOSPITAL BUILDINGS AT CHEMULPO.

The report of Rear Admiral Togo, who should not be confounded with the vice admiral of that name, and who commands the Japanese fleet sent to attack Kaichou on the west coast of the Liaotung peninsula, south of Newchwang, says he reached Port Arthur soon after the Japanese battleship Hatsuse was

GENERAL KUROKI.

blown up and assisted in saving her crew and driving back the Russian torpedo boat flotilla, which came out that evening.

The loss of life incurred by the sinking of the cruiser Yoshino included Capt. Sayeki, Commander Hirowaterio, three first lieutenants, five second lieutenants, five midshipmen, paymaster, surgeon, three engineer cadets and eight boatswain mates. Of the crew the number of those lost is unknown.

Those who went down with the battleship Hatsuse when she foundered were Commander Tsukamoto, Commander Viscount Nire, Commander Arimori, five second lieutenants, five subengineers two surgeons, six midshipmen, four cadet engineers and ten non-commissioned officers. It is not known yet in this case how many of the men perished. The Hatsuse was surely sunk by coming in contact with a submerged mine and not by the attack of a submarine boat.

The report that the battleship Shikishima was damaged and the battleship Fuji sunk is denied here.

Russia Will Exhibit at St. Louis.

Although Russia has a big war on her hands she will make an elaborate exhibit at the St. Louis exposition. Russia, before the war with Japan, had planned to be represented at the fair, but recently decided to abandon its proposed exhibits. A few days ago a cablegram was received to the effect that the government had changed its mind and would make a display. Space had still been reserved for her by the exposition officials in the Varied Industries Palace.

Old papers for sale at this office.

RETREAT OF JAPANESE.

Army of 20,000 Avoids a Battle with 32,000 Russians.

Reports of the Japanese retreat to Fenghuangcheng are officially confirmed.

The Japanese, numbering 20,000 men, came upon 32,000 Russians in a strong position Monday sixty miles west of Fenghuangcheng. It being unwise to risk a battle, the Japanese retreated in good order and with great rapidity.

An unofficial Russian authority says a pitched battle was not fought, but rumor says there was considerable loss on both sides during the clashes, with the Cossacks harassing the flanks of the Japanese. This division presumably was executing a reconnaissance. The pursuit was checked when the main body of the Japanese was rejoined.

This news apparently accounts for the withdrawal to an unknown destination of warships and transports from Tower Hill, ten miles north of Kaichau, Liaotung Peninsula, and of renewed defensive activity at Ninchwang.

Commenting on Japan's naval losses, war experts say that the Japanese naval supremacy in the far East is too firmly established to be menaced by the destruction of two of its fighting ships, but the losses it has just sustained are, nevertheless, serious, amounting to at least 10 per cent of its sea power. The first-class battleship Hatsuse, sunk by Russian mines on Monday with 441 of its crew, was one of the most modern and effective of the Japanese war vessels. The Yoshino, destroyed through collision while maneuvering in a fog off Port Arthur, was a fast protected cruiser. The seriousness of the loss lies not in its immediate effect in disturbing the relative status of the Russian and Japanese fleets, but in its possible future consequences. Japan now has only five battleships where it had six at the beginning of the war, and in addition it loses one of the more effective of its fourteen protected cruisers.

Every disaster that tends to weaken the strength of the Japanese fleet must have an important effect in determining Russia's action with regard to its Baltic fleet. Japan has no reserve force except the ships it can build or buy to meet the emergency. In proportion as its navy is weakened the temptation to send the Baltic ships to unite with the Russian ships at Port Arthur and Vladivostok and possibly regain command of the sea will be increased.

War News in Brief.

Tokio states that the only losses to the Japanese fleet are the Hatsuse and the Yoshino.

The Japanese army in the field is estimated at 180,000 to 200,000 men, against 100,000 Russians.

Newchwang is abandoned because of the Japanese landing at Kaichow, where warships bombard the Russian defenses.

Newchwang reports that a Japanese force of 20,000 met 32,000 Russians east of Fenghuangcheng and retreated.

Admiral Hosoya, commanding the third squadron, reports the landing of troops at a new unnamed place, probably Takushan.

A Japanese army has appeared thirty miles northeast of Mukden, and threatens to cut off the retreat of Kuropatkin's forces from Liao-Yang.

While the troops were landing near Kai-Chau on Monday a fierce engagement occurred at Hsin-Yen-Cheng. Two thousand Russians were killed or wounded.

A report from the naval commander at Port Arthur states that two Japanese battleships struck mines off the harbor May 15. One sank and the other, after showing distress, was righted and steamed away, escorted by cruisers.

The Russian general staff has received official advices of the defeat of the Japanese force which was marching northward from Fenghuangcheng for the purpose of executing a flank movement on Mukden. The Japanese were driven back by a detachment of Cossacks.

The Russian cruiser Bogatyr grounded in a fog on the rocks near the entrance to Vladivostok. The crew was saved, but the ship is in a critical condition.

Seventy thousand Russian troops are reported to be advancing to relieve Port Arthur. The Japanese are hastening their operations against the fortress with 45,000 men, advancing to within seven miles of the batteries. Each foot of their advance has been stubbornly contested.

The Japanese army advancing against Mukden was defeated by a force of Cossacks in a battle lasting all day and driven back upon Fenghuangcheng. The Japanese were forced to abandon four positions, and reports in St. Petersburg state that the loss was heavy. The Russians report light casualties.



THE JAPANESE BATTLESHIP HATSUSE.



Chicago. Dun's weekly review of Chicago trade says: Agricultural advices generally have shown agreement that crop conditions improved very satisfactorily and the outlook thereby lost much of its uncertainty. This has induced a more confident feeling and stimulated activity throughout the interior, where merchandising had been sluggish. Local developments were somewhat mixed. The tie-up of lake commerce and partly suspended building operations, both due to labor controversies, occasioned some interruption.

Shipments of grain, 2,010,456 bushels, are the largest in the past three weeks, but are only one-half the total at this time last year. Demand improved for flour without changing price, and, although export needs were light, there was better demand for the coarse grains. Compared with the closings a week ago oats gained seven-eighths of a cent per bushel. Wheat on liberal offerings declined 1⅜ cents, and corn lost one-fourth of a cent.

Live stock receipts, 230,345 head, compare with 248,881 head a year ago. Trade in choice sheep showed moderate recovery and an advance of 10 cents a hundredweight. Heavy cattle were in lessened request and declined 10 cents. Hogs suffered a fractional loss, although the supply was diminished.

Failures reported in the Chicago district number thirty, against twenty-one in the previous week and eighteen in the corresponding week of 1903.

New York. Special dispatches to the International Mercantile Agency indicate that general trade is picking up throughout the West and South. Eastern business also has been stimulated except in the New England States, where depression incident to the general closing of cotton mills is having marked effect. Most of the improvement is ascribed to more seasonable weather and the belief that underlying conditions are sound, with prospects of good fall orders.

Territory adjacent to Omaha shows strong jobbing trade, with good restocking orders and excellent demand for spring goods. Although mindful of the possible setbacks of a Presidential election year, merchants are buying with confidence, wholesalers reporting a normal gain compared with last season. Farmers are generally encouraged over the outlook. Receipts of lumber at St. Louis have been large and railroads at that center report improved business during the week.

Winter wheat in the Southwest has been helped by more favorable weather. Too much rain in the Northwest has retarded the planting of spring wheat and conditions east of the Mississippi reflect serious damage in the Ohio Valley district, where only half the average yield is expected. Loss of acreage, shown in the government report, is not surprising. It may still be reclaimed if the weather continues good. The St. Paul district reports a larger spring wheat acreage than usual.

The outlook in the iron industry is still modified by the attitude of the railroads, which will not buy under present conditions. One Western system is said to have held back an order for 10,000 cars until after election.



Chicago—Cattle, common to prime, $3.00 to $5.10; hogs, shipping grades, $4.00 to $4.80; sheep, fair to choice, $2.75 to $5.25; wheat, No. 2 red, $1.03 to $1.06; corn, No. 2, 47c to 49c; oats, standard, 41c to 42c; rye, No. 2, 72c to 73c; hay, timothy, $8.50 to $14.50; prairie, $6.00 to $11.50; butter, choice creamery, 16c to 19c; eggs, fresh, 13c to 15c; potatoes, $1.00 to $1.07.

Indianapolis—Cattle, shipping, $3.00 to $5.15; hogs, choice light, $4.00 to $4.85; sheep, common to prime, $2.50 to $4.50; wheat, No. 2, $1.00 to $1.04; corn, No. 2 white, 50c to 51c; oats, No. 2 white, 41c to 43c.

St. Louis—Cattle, $4.50 to $5.50; hogs, $4.00 to $4.80; sheep, $3.00 to $4.60; wheat, No. 2, $1.04 to $1.06; corn, No. 2, 50c to 52c; oats, No. 2, 40c to 42c; rye, No. 2, 68c to 70c.

Cincinnati—Cattle, $4.00 to $5.00; hogs, $4.00 to $5.00; sheep, $2.00 to $4.25; wheat, No. 2, $1.00 to $1.11; corn, No. 2 mixed, 53c to 54c; oats, No. 2 mixed, 41c to 42c; rye, No. 2, 78c to 79c.

Detroit—Cattle, $3.50 to $4.85; hogs, $4.00 to $4.90; sheep, $2.50 to $5.00; wheat, No. 2, $1.05 to $1.07; corn, No. 3 yellow, 54c to 55c; oats, No. 3 white, 43c to 45c; rye, No. 2, 70c to 71c.

Milwaukee—Wheat, No. 2 northern, 97c to 98c; corn, No. 3, 51c to 52c; oats, No. 2 white, 43c to 44c; rye, No. 1, 75c to 77c; barley, No. 2, 63c to 66c; pork, mess, $11.00.

Buffalo—Cattle, choice shipping steers, $4.00 to $5.00; hogs, fair to prime, $4.00 to $5.00; sheep, fair to choice, $3.25 to $5.50; lambs, common to choice, $5.75 to $7.20.

Toledo—Wheat, No. 2 mixed, $1.02 to $1.04; corn, No. 2 mixed, 52c to 54c; oats, No. 2 mixed, 43c to 44c; rye, No. 2, 69c to 70c; clover seed, prime, $6.30.

New York—Cattle, $3.50 to $5.65; hogs, $4.00 to $5.00; sheep, $3.00 to $5.35; wheat, No. 2 red, $1.04 to $1.06; corn, No. 2, 57c to 58c; oats, No. 2 white, 45c to 47c; butter, creamery, 18c to 20c; eggs, western, 15c to 18c.



The Fifty-eighth Congress appropriated $781,574,020.99. In this amount is included all the regular annual bills, deficiencies, amounts authorized by special acts, etc. If from this amount there shall be deducted contributions to the sinking fund and amounts appropriated for deficiencies there will be left approximately $700,000,000 as the expenditures authorized for the operation of the government during the next fiscal year. Analysis of the appropriations is interesting. The regular annual appropriations amount to $612,300,000.06; deficiencies to $20,801,843.03; miscellaneous to $1,000,000; permanent appropriations to $141,471,820. The increases in appropriation bills of 1905 over 1904 aggregate $28,516,123.07. Increases of separate bills are as follows:

Diplomatic	$ 51,850.00
District of Columbia	2,383,643.00
Fortifications	320,775.78
Indian	907,554.63
Legislative	938,250.56
Military Academy	323,218.17
Navy	16,128,349.51
Postoffice	19,063,440.00
Rivers and harbors, regular bill	3,000,000.00
Deficiencies	5,336,183.03
Permanent appropriations	8,882,000.00
Total increase	$57,304,283.83

Against these are to be placed the decreases, which are as follows:

Agriculture	$ 76,120.00
Army	818,451.06
Pensions	1,486,000.00
Sundry civil	24,525,448.76
Miscellaneous	1,041,238.05
Total decrease	$28,848,159.30
Net increase	28,516,123.07

A careful study of the figures shows that the increases in appropriations for the civil establishment greatly exceed those for the military establishment, the military appropriations, as a matter of fact, showing a decrease of almost $10,000,000.

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The Department of Commerce and Labor has issued a statement showing the cost of government of the principal countries of the world. The statement is based on statistics of the year 1903, the latest available from foreign countries. It shows the population, the expenditure and the per capita expenditure of each nation treated, with the result that the cost of our government is the lowest on the list. From the data on the statement the following preparative table is provided:

Countries.	Population.	Expenditure.	Per capita expenditure.
New Zealand	788,000	$20,241,000	$38.38
Australian Commonwealth	3,772,000	142,148,000	37.69
United Kingdom	41,061,000	897,790,000	21.39
France	38,962,000	695,250,000	17.84
Belgium	6,694,000	116,500,000	17.40
Paraguay	636,000	11,007,000	17.30
Austria-Hungary	45,405,000	647,969,000	14.27
Argentina	4,704,000	60,757,000	12.68
Cuba	1,573,000	19,515,000	12.40
Netherlands	5,347,000	61,468,000	11.49
Portugal	5,420,000	62,170,000	11.45
Spain	18,618,000	187,846,000	10.00
Sweden	5,100,000	49,503,000	9.54
German Empire	58,549,000	553,222,000	9.45
Canada	5,457,000	50,750,000	9.30
United States	80,372,000	640,323,000	7.97

A study of this table shows that the cost of monarchical forms of government is more expensive than republican. For instance, the per capita cost of Great Britain is $21.39, while the cost of our government is but $7.97.

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Contrary to the popular notion, the cost of government is much less for the United States than it is for any other great nation. While this cost is at the rate of $21.39 per person for the United Kingdom, $17.84 for France, $14.27 for Austria-Hungary, $11.49 for the Netherlands, $9.54 for Norway-Sweden and $9.45 for the German Empire, it is only $7.97 for the United States. These figures are culled from a report just issued by the Board of Statistics at Washington, and may be presumed to be correct. Of course, some of the expenditures of our State governments correspond to outlays made by the central authorities in most of the other countries, and an allowance should be made on this account. After making all reasonable reductions, however, in the cost of such governments as Great Britain, France and Germany to render the comparison with ours fairer, it is clear that we are in a much better position as regards the expenditure of our governmental machine than are the people of Europe.

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In late years the first session of a Congress has usually lasted long into the warm weather, even in "Presidential" years. The adjournment of the Fifty-eighth Congress this year was unusually early. The Eighth Congress closed its first session on March 27, 1804, more than a month earlier. But then, a country of eighty million people has more business for its legislators than a country of six millions.

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The total appropriations at the recent session of Congress amounted to $781,574,020.99. Of this total, about $53,000,000 is for the sinking fund or for deficiencies in the previous year, leaving the amount of expenditures authorized during the next fiscal year a little less than $700,000,000.

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How closely nations watch one another and how quick they are to learn of one another has been demonstrated in the United States Senate. When the naval appropriation bill came up, the item of expense for the construction of new battleships was opposed almost wholly on the ground that Japan, in her present war with Russia, had demonstrated the superiority of small vessels, like torpedo boats, and had shown the impotence of battleships in modern naval warfare.

THE MISER'S DAUGHTER

By HONRE DE BALZAC

CHAPTER IV—(Continued.)

"Mamma," she began, "he will never be able to bear the smell of a tallow candle. Suppose that we buy a wax candle?"

She fled, lightly as a bird, to find her purse, and drew thence the five francs which she had received for the month's expenses.

"Here, Nanon, be quick."

"But what will your father say?"

This dreadful objection was raised by Mme. Grandet when she saw her daughter with an old Sevres china sugar basin which Grandet had brought back with him from the chateau at Froidfond.

"And where is the sugar to come from?" she went on. "Are you mad?"

"Nanon can easily buy it when she goes for the candle, mamma. Is it a right thing that his nephew should not have sugar if he happens to want it? Besides, he will not notice it."

"Your father always notices things," said Mme. Grandet, shaking her head.

While Eugenie and her mother were doing their best to adorn the room which M. Grandet had allotted to his nephew, Mme. des Grassins was bestowing her attention on Charles, and making abundant use of her eyes as she did so.

"You are very brave," she said, "to leave the pleasures of the capital in winter in order to come to stay in Saumur. But if you are not frightened away at first sight of us, you shall see that even here we can amuse ourselves." And she gave him a languishing glance, in true provincial style.

Women in the provinces are wont to affect a demure and staid demeanor, which gives a furtive and eager eloquence to their eyes. Charles was so thoroughly out of his element in this room, it was all so far removed from the great chateau and the splendid surroundings in which he had thought to find his uncle, that, on paying closer attention to Mme. des Grassins, she almost reminded him of Parisian faces half obliterated already by these strange, new impressions. He responded graciously to the advances which had been made to him, and naturally they fell into conversation.

Mme. des Grassins gradually lowered her voice to tones suited to the nature of her confidences. Both she and Charles Grandet felt a need of mutual confidence, of explanations and an understanding, so after a few minutes spent in coquettish chatter and jests that covered a serious purpose, the wily provincial dame felt free to converse without fear of being overheard, under cover of a conversation on the sale of the vintage, the one all-absorbing topic at that moment in Saumur.

"If you will honor us with a visit," she said, "you will certainly do us a pleasure; my husband and I shall be very glad to see you. Our salon is the only one in Saumur, where you will meet both the wealthy merchant society and the noblesse. We ourselves belong in a manner to both. My husband, I am proud to say, is very highly thought of in both circles. So we will do our best to beguile the tedium of your stay. If you are going to remain with the Grandets, what will become of you! Your uncle is a miser, his mind runs on nothing but his vine cuttings; your aunt is a saint who cannot put two ideas together; and your cousin is a silly little thing, a common sort of girl, who spends her life in mending dishcloths."

"It seems to me that you mean to monopolize the gentleman," said the big banker, laughing, to his wife, an unlucky observation, followed by remarks more or less spiteful from the notary and the president; but the Abbe gave them a shrewd glance, while he gave expression to their thoughts, "Where could the gentleman have found any one better qualified to do the honors of Saumur?" he said.

Adolphe des Grassins spoke at last, with what was meant to be an offhand manner. "I do not know," he said, addressing Charles, "whether you have any recollection of me; I once had the pleasure of dancing in the same quadrille at a ball given by M. le Baron de Nuvigen."

"I remember it perfectly," answered Charles, surprised to find himself the object of general attention. "Is this gentleman your son?" he asked of Mme. des Grassins.

"Yes, I am his mother," she answered.

"You must have been very young when you came to Paris?" Charles went on, speaking to Adolphe.

"We cannot help ourselves, sir," said the Abbe. "Our babes are scarcely weaned before we send them to Babylon. You must go into the country if you want to find women not much on the other side of thirty, with a grown-up son a licentiate of law, who look as fresh and youthful as Mme. des Grassins. It only seems like the other day when the young men and the ladies stood on chairs to see you dance, madame," the Abbe added, turning toward his fair antagonist; "your triumphs are as fresh in my memory as if they had happened yesterday."

"It looks as though I should have a great success in Saumur," thought Charles. He unbuttoned his overcoat and stood with his hand in his waistcoat pocket, gazing into space, striking the attitude which Chantrey thought fit to give to Byron in his statue of that poet.

Meanwhile Grandet's preoccupation during the reading of his letter had escaped neither the notary nor the magistrate. Both of them tried to guess at the contents by watching the almost imperceptible changes in the worthy man's face. The vine grower was hard put to it to preserve his wonted composure. His expression must be left to the imagination, but here is the fatal letter:

"My Brother—It is nearly twenty-three years now since we saw each other. The last time we met it was to make arrangements for my marriage, and we parted in high spirits. Little did I then think, when you were congratulating yourself on our prosperity, that one day you would be the sole hope and stay of our family. By the time that this letter reaches your hands, I shall be no more. In my position, I could not survive the disgrace of bankruptcy; I have held up my head above the surface till the last moment, hoping to weather the storm; it is all of no use, I must sink now. Just after the failure of my stock broker came the failure of my notary; my last resources have been swept away, and I have nothing left. It is my heavy misfortune to owe nearly four millions. I hold heavy stocks of wine, and owing to the abundance and good quality of your vintages, they have fallen ruinously in value. In three days' time all Paris will say, 'M. Grandet was a rogue,' and I, honest though I am, shall lie wrapped in a winding sheet of infamy. I have despoiled my own son of his mother's fortunes and of the spotless name on which I have brought disgrace. He knows nothing of all this—the unhappy child whom I have idolized. Happily for him, he did not know when we bade each other good by, and my heart overflowed with tenderness for him, how soon it should cease to beat. You, therefore, are Charles' father, now! He has no relations on his mother's side. He is alone in the world. Oh, my unhappy boy, my son! Listen, Grandet, I am asking nothing for myself, and you could scarcely satisfy my creditors if you would; it is for my son's sake that I write. You must know, my brother, that as I think of you my petition is made with clasped hands; that this my dying prayer to you, Grandet, I know that you will be a father to him; I know that I shall not ask in vain, and the sight of my pistols does not cause me a pang. To go back to my misfortunes and Charles' share in them. I have sent him to you so that you may break the news of my death and explain to him what his future must be. Be a father to him; ah, more than that, be an indulgent father! Do not expect him to give up his idle ways all at once; it would kill him. And you must lay everything before him, Grandet—the struggle and the hardships that he will have to face in the life that I have spoiled for him. Work, which was our salvation, can restore the fortune which I have lost; and if he will listen to his father's voice, let him leave this country and go to the Indies. And, brother, Charles is honest and energetic; you will help him with his first trading venture, I know you will; he would sooner die than not repay you. Even while Charles is on his way I am compelled to file my schedule. My affairs are all in order; I am endeavoring so to arrange everything that it will be evident that my failure is due neither to carelessness nor to dishonesty, but simply to disasters which I could not help. Is it not for Charles' sake that I take these pains? Farewell, my brother. May heaven bless you in every way for the generosity with which you will accept and fulfill this trust.

"VICTOR ANGE-GUILLAUME GRANDET."

"So you are having a chat?" said old Grandet, folding up the letter carefully in the original creases and putting it into his waistcoat pocket. He looked at his nephew in a shy and embarrassed way, seeking to dissemble his feelings and his calculations. "Do you feel warmer?"

"I am very comfortable, my dear uncle."

"Well, whatever are the women after?" his uncle went on. Eugenie and Mme. Grandet came into the room as he spoke. "Is everything ready upstairs?"

"Yes, father."

"Very well, then, nephew, if you are feeling tired Nanon will show you to your room. There is nothing very smart in it, but you will overlook that here among poor vine growers, who never have a penny to bless themselves with. The taxes swallow up everything we have."

"We don't want to be intrusive, Grandet," said the banker. "You and your nephew may have some things to talk over; we will wish you good evening. Good-by till to-morrow."

Every one rose at this and took leave after their several fashions.

CHAPTER V.

Early rising is the rule in the country, so, like most other girls, Eugenie was up betimes in the morning; this morning she rose earlier than usual, her toilette was henceforth to possess an interest unknown before. She began by brushing her chestnut hair, and wound the heavy plaits about her head, careful that no loose ends should escape from the braided coronet which made an appropriate setting for a face both frank and shy.

As she washed her hands again and again in the cold spring water that roughened and reddened the skin, she looked down at her pretty rounded arms and wondered what her cousin did to have hands so soft and so white, and nails so shapely. She put on a pair of new stockings, and her best shoes, and laced herself carefully, without passing over a single eyelet hole. For the first time in her life, in fact, she wished to look her best, and felt that it was pleasant to have a pretty new dress to wear, a becoming dress, which was nicely made. She opened her door, went out on to the landing, and bent over the staircase to hear the sounds in the house.

"He is not getting up yet," she thought. She heard Nanon's morning cough as the good woman went to and fro, swept out the dining room, lit the kitchen fire, chained up the dog, and talked to her friends the brutes in the stable. Eugenie fled down the staircase, and ran over to Nanon, who was milking the cow.

"Nanon," she cried, "do let us have some cream for my cousin's coffee, there's a dear."

"But, mademoiselle, you can't have cream off this morning's milk," said Nanon, as she burst out laughing. "I can't make cream for you. Your cousin is as charming as charming can be, that he is. You haven't seen him in that silk night rail of his, all flowers and gold! I did, though! The linen he wears is every bit as fine as M. le Cure's surplice."

"Nanon, make some cake for us."

"And who is to find the wood to heat the oven and the flour and the butter?" asked Nanon, who in her capacity of Grandet's prime minister was a person of immense importance in Eugenie's eyes, and even in Eugenie's mother's. "Is he to be robbed to make a feast for your cousin? Ask for the butter and the flour, and the firewood; he is your father, go and ask him, he may give them to you. There! there he is, just coming downstairs to see after the provisions——"

But Eugenie had escaped into the garden; the sound of her father's footstep on the creaking staircase terrified her. She was conscious of a happiness that shrank from the observation of others, a happiness which, as we are apt to think, and perhaps not without reason, shines from our eyes, and is written at large upon our foreheads.

For the first time in her life the sight of her father struck a sort of terror into her heart; she felt that he was the master of her fate, and that she was guiltily hiding some of her thoughts from him. She began to walk hurriedly up and down, wondering how it was that the air was so fresh; there was a reviving force in the sunlight. It was as if a new life had begun. While she was still thinking how to gain her end concerning the cake, a quarrel came to pass between Nanon and Grandet, a thing rare as a winter swallow. The good man had just taken his keys, and was about to dole out the provisions required for the day.

"Is there any bread left over from yesterday?" he asked Nanon.

"Not a crumb, sir."

Grandet took up a large loaf, round in form and close in consistence, shaped in one of the flat baskets which they use for making in Anjou, and was about to cut it, when Nanon broke in upon him with:

"There are five of us to-day, sir."

"True," answered Grandet; "but these loaves of yours weigh six pounds apiece; there will be some left over. Besides, these young fellows from Paris never touch bread, as you will soon see."

Having cut down the day's rations to the lowest possible point, the miser was about to go to his fruit loft, first carefully locking up the cupboards of his storeroom, when Nanon stopped him.

"Just give me some flour and butter, sir," she said, "and I will make a cake for the children."

"Are you going to turn the house upside down because my nephew is here?"

"Your nephew was no more in my mind than your dog, no more than he was in yours. * * * There, now! you have only put out six lumps of sugar, and I want eight."

"Come, come, Nanon; I have never seen you like this before. What has come over you? Are you mistress here? You will have six lumps of sugar and no more."

In spite of the low price of sugar, it was, in Grandet's eyes, the most precious of all colonial produces. But every woman, no matter how simple she may be, can devise some shift to gain her ends; and Nanon allowed the question of the sugar to drop, in order to have her way about the cake.

"Mademoiselle," she called through the window, "wouldn't you like some cake?"

"No, no," answered Eugenie.

"Stay, Nanon," said Grandet as he heard his daughter's voice: "there!"

He opened the flour bin, measured out some flour and added a few ounces of butter to the piece which he had already cut.

"And firewood; I shall want firewood to heat the oven," said the inexorable Nanon.

"Ah! well, you can take what you want," he answered ruefully; "but you will make a fruit tart at the same time, and you must have the dinner in the oven, that will save lighting another fire."

Grandet got the fruit and set a plateful on the kitchen table. Then, having no further order to give, he drew out his watch, and finding that there was yet half an hour to spare before breakfast, took up his hat, gave his daughter a kiss and said, "Would you like to take a walk along the Loire? I have something to see after in the meadows down there."

Eugenie put on her straw hat lined with rose-colored silk; and then father and daughter went down the crooked street toward the market place.

"Where are you off to so early this morning?" said the notary Cruchot, as he met the Grandets.

"We are going to take a look at something," responded his friend, in nowise deceived by this early move on the notary's part.

Whenever Grandet was about to "take a look at something" the notary knew by experience that there was something to be gained by going with him. With him, therefore, he went.

(To be continued.)

MOTHER PAWNED HER SON.

Method Employed by a Woman of Mexico to Raise Funds.

That human beings can be pawned the same as a pair of shoes has been demonstrated by a woman named Elena Davalos, who, whenever she was short of funds—and this happened very frequently—pawned her 8-year-old son, Francisco, for sums ranging between $5 and $8.

For a time she used to pawn her offspring with some neighbors, who used the little boy as a servant until he was redeemed. They paid nothing for his services, but exacted a high interest for their money invested in the operation. More recently she found a Spanish pawnbroker who lent her money on her son and also used him as a clerk in his shop.

A few days ago the woman redeemed her son from the pawnbroker, but subsequently found herself without money again, and pawned the boy with a woman named Dolores Garcia, who loaned the mother $10. With this Elena went to visit a number of pulque shops and taverns, and when she had spent one-half of the money she called upon Dolores and urged that her son be given back to her. A quarrel ensued, a gendarme intervened, and the whole affair was disclosed at the police station.

Now the two women are in Belem and the boy has been sent to an orphan asylum. As this offense is not foreseen in any code, it is not known what penalty will be applied to the method of the boy and to the woman who loaned money on him.—Mexican Herald.

Mean Man.

Ernie—Poor Miss Olde. She is nearly heartbroken.

Ida—Why so?

Ernie—George asked her to come in the dark parlor while he told her the sweetest story ever told.

Ernie—And he told her a story of love

Ernie—No, he told her a story about honey.

A RECESS IS TAKEN.

FAILING TO BREAK DEADLOCK, REPUBLICANS QUIT.

Springfield Convention Takes 11-Day Recess—Ballots Taken Number 58—Delegates Leave, Singing "Home, Sweet Home."

Springfield correspondence:

Unable to end the deadlock on the gubernatorial nomination the Illinois Republican State convention adjourned until May 31, after a struggle of eight days. The convention suspended operations leaving Gov. Yates in the lead with 483 votes, Col. Frank O. Lowden second with 392, Charles S. Deneen third with 385, H. J. Hamlin fourth with 113, Vespasian Warner fifth with 53, Lawrence Y. Sherman sixth with 46 and John H. Pierce seventh with 20.

All the candidates agreed to the eleven-day recess and a happier lot of souls than the weary delegates as they swarmed out of the hall could not be found in Paradise itself. The band played "Home, Sweet Home," but nobody sang, for ten days of shouting had left the crowd hoarse and exhausted.

The Illinois Republican State convention in Springfield has presented a spectacle unparalleled in political history. For seven days the 1,500 delegates composing that convention cast ballot after ballot in the vain endeavor to select a candidate for Governor. Only minor changes were recorded as to the strength of the principal candidates, and when the eleven-day recess was taken apparently the deadlock was as far from being broken as it was when the first ballot was cast.

Wednesday's Sessions.

Wednesday's session made the Republican State convention just one week old. Weary and disgruntled over the deadlock on the gubernatorial nomination, the delegates and party managers returned to the State arsenal at 11 o'clock to resume the balloting, each faction accusing the others of unreasonable stubbornness. There was no sign of yielding in any camp and the early roll calls produced no results. At 12:30 another recess was taken, the delegates convening again at 3 o'clock in the afternoon. The thirty-ninth ballot, the first taken Wednesday, showed that Yates is in the lead, Deneen second and Lowden third.

Chairman Cannon called the convention to order at 11:15 and lost no time in ordering another roll call. Secretary Van Cleave conducted the ballot, and as the counties responded it was shown that the Sherman delegations from McDonough, Hancock, Henderson and Mercer were sticking to Deneen, to whom they went Tuesday night. The thirty-ninth ballot ended at 11:35. Compared with the last ballot taken Tuesday night the thirty-ninth roll call showed that Yates lost seven votes, Lowden gained three, Deneen gained one, Hamlin lost one, Warner lost one, Sherman remained the same and Pierce gained five.

The call of the roll for the fortieth ballot began as soon as the result was officially announced. The fortieth ballot showed little change. Yates lost one, Lowden remained the same, Deneen lost two and Hamlin lost one, while Warner gained four and Pierce one. Sherman retained his two votes. The forty-first ballot was taken and the convention then took a recess until 3 o'clock.

Five solid days of fruitless balloting and six days of sessions of the Republican State convention were rounded out at 9:25 o'clock Wednesday night and the nomination for Governor was apparently as much in the air as it was when the roll calls began on Friday morning.

Three sessions were held Thursday and nine roll calls filled the time of the sessions. The net result was this:

Yates lost one vote, between start and finish; Lowden gained seven, Deneen lost ten, Hamlin gained one, Warner two, Sherman stood the same, and Pierce added three.

During all the day's ballots there was no material change in the vote for any candidate. Each man quit within ten votes of where he was Tuesday when the convention adjourned.

Wednesday night there seemed to be more disgust among the delegates over the situation than had been observed previously during the deadlock. The delegates themselves were discussing the condition individually, and there was a disposition among them to give up the work of trying to nominate a ticket and return to their homes. Many of them already had deserted and left Springfield. Others were compelled to seek financial assistance from the candidates for Governor and some of the minor candidates who were anxious to keep their friends there.

The immense cost and embarrassment of the convention to the delegates individually, to the candidates, and to everyone who has had anything to do with it was beginning to make the situation unbearable. There were delegates in the convention who are at the head of big manufacturing plants, rich merchants, prosperous farmers and scores of men occupying official or clerical positions whose presence at home was demanded.

Thursday's Sessions.

After taking three more futile ballots for Governor Wednesday morning the convention took a recess until 3 o'clock. On the last ballot, the fiftieth, Lawrence Y. Sherman received no votes at all, but his friends said this fact did not eliminate him from the reckoning, as his strength, they claimed, was distributed merely in the hope of arriving at a solution of the problem.

The stubborn temper of the convention was shown when a proposition to drop the gubernatorial fight for a time and take up the rest of the ticket was voted down 5 to 1. Congressman Fuller offered a resolution to this effect and endeavored to appeal to the sentiment of the delegates by reminding them that just nineteen years ago the great John A. Logan senatorial deadlock was broken and urging similar action, but 1,201 of the 1,502 voters on the floor would have none of the plan and only 301 supported it.

Thursday throughout was another day of futile skirmishing in which three sessions were held and ten ballots taken, ending with the governorship fight unchanged. Sherman's delegates were switched from the Deneen column on the last ballot. With the exception of the withdrawal of the Sherman votes from Deneen on the final ballot, there was little change in any of the ten ballots, none of the candidates gaining or losing more than fifteen votes during the day. The convention adjourned till Friday with Yates in the lead, Lowden second and Deneen third.

Several conferences were held late at night with reference to an extended recess. Both Yates and Lowden leaders asserted that if the deadlock continued until Saturday a recess would be taken Saturday afternoon until the following Tuesday. Congressman Fuller offered a resolution during the day calling for the prior nomination of candidates for minor offices and a recess, to be followed by the nomination for Govefnor. This resolution was defeated by an overwhelming vote.

Two Men Treed by Wolves.

Sitting all night in a tree, tired, hungry and almost benumbed from the cold, with a pack of wolves under them, is the experience which befell Frank and Robert Anderson of Wausau, Wis., in the woods south of Sidnaw, Mich. They were engaged in looking over land.

Their camp was a small tent. In the middle of the afternoon they heard a number of wolves howling in the distance, but paid no attention to them, keeping on with their work. Shortly after 6 o'clock, as it was growing dark, and as they were making their way toward their camp, almost a dozen of the ravenous animals made an attack upon them.

Except for the small axes used by land lookers the men were unarmed, and they hastily sought refuge in a tree, up which they climbed barely in the nick of time. They supposed the wolves would make off shortly, but the animals were apparently exceptionally hungry, for they kept up the vigil all night long, occasionally giving vent to frantic howls and making desperate efforts to reach the besieged men. At daybreak the wolves made off. Hereafter the Andersons will carry guns, despite the inconvenience of lugging them through the woods, and they threaten a warm reception for the next pack of wolves that puts in an appearance.

Then She Paid Up.

She—I'm afraid I can never repay your kindness.

He—Oh, yes, you can—with kisses.

She—What are they worth?

He—Well, I'm willing to take them at face value.

And a Physician.

"I have no time to fight a duel," said the Englishman who had been challenged.

"But," protested the Frenchman, "it only takes two seconds."

SUMMARY OF BALLOTING TO DATE.

Ballot.	Yates.	Lowden.	Deneen.	Hamlin.	Warner.	Sherman.	Pierce.
			FRIDAY.				
1..	507	354	386	121	45	87	..
2..	504	390	383	117	42	63	..
3..	499	396	380	111	34	57	21
4..	490	401	386	112	33	55	21
5..	491	408	380	111	34	56	21
6..	493	404	383	112	34	54	21
7..	494	407	377	110	39	52	21
8..	488	408	382	112	44	50	21
9..	494	405	382	111	36	51	22
10..	489	407	379	114	38	52	22
11*	489	401	376	118	38	52	21
12..	489	404	380	117	39	51	21
13..	488	401	382	111	45	53	21
14..	482	420	381	110	36	50	21
15..	495	405	381	111	36	51	21
			SATURDAY.				
16..	472	428	381	110	38	57	21
17..	485	407	379	109	35	51	34
18..	488	412	379	118	36	50	22
19..	491	405	376	119	37	50	21
20..	488	397	383	109	51	51	21
21..	486	400	381	108	42	51	21
22..	486	400	385	110	44	51	21
23..	483	393	369	148	35	50	21
24..	486	398	375	135	36	45	21
			MONDAY.				
25..	489	407	381	111	39	50	21
26?	483	402	385	111	39	51	20
27..	482	407	388	110	39	51	21
28..	482	400	393	110	40	51	22
29..	481	404	382	115	38	50	22
			TUESDAY.				
30..	437	452	382	111	44	51	21
31..	431	473	383	107	32	50	22
32..	429	473	383	109	33	49	22
33..	428	467	387	111	34	49	22
34..	431	466	389	111	32	50	22
35..	483	408	391	109	38	40	23
36..	492	390	398	111	37	51	22
37..	487	395	445	109	27	6	22
38..	490	393	441	113	37	2	25
			WEDNESDAY.				
39..	483	396	442	112	36	2	30
40..	482	396	440	111	40	2	31
41..	484	399	433	111	41	2	31
42..	482	400	433	111	41	2	32
43?	479	396	435	110	39	2	32
44..	478	402	436	113	37	2	31
45..	480	403	435	111	39	2	31
46..	482	404	433	112	37	2	31
47..	482	403	432	111	38	2	33
			THURSDAY.				
48..	486	397	432	112	41	2	31
49..	487	399	391	111	39	42	32
50..	486	399	431	113	40	..	32
51..	483	393	429	112	50	..	33
52..	483	393	429	111	52	..	33
53..	483	393	430	110	53	..	32
54..	481	392	429	111	55	..	33
55..	483	393	430	110	52	..	33
56..	482	393	429	110	54	..	33
57..	483	393	388	109	54	43	31
			FRIDAY.				
58..	486	392	385	113	53	46	20

*Congressman W. A. Rodenberg received 6 votes.

?Speaker Joseph Cannon received one vote.

?? Walter Reeves received 2 votes.

This and That.

A well-constructed brick house will outlast one built of granite.

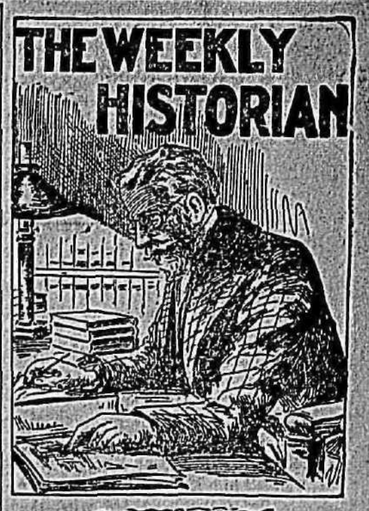
The average price of agricultural land in Russia is $14 an acre.

All books are bound to be sold—but the binding doesn't always sell 'em.

The average Japanese soldier is not more than 5 feet 4 inches high.

Colombia has reduced her standing army from 11,000 to 5,000 men.

Farm land in England ranges in price from $60 to $120 per acre.



One Hundred Years Ago.

William Pitt was again appointed premier of England, on conditions dictated by the King that he should not support proposals for Catholic emancipation or the repeal of the test act.

It was rumored in London that the Government had received indirect overtures from France on the subject of peace, said to have been made through the American minister at Paris.

The life of George Washington, compiled by John Marshall from his own manuscripts, was published simultaneously in England and America.

Paris was preparing for the coronation of Napoleon Bonaparte as Emperor of the French.

President Jefferson returned to Washington after a visit to Monticello, his home in Virginia.

Seventy-five Years Ago.

The battle of Pravadia took place between the Russians and Turks, in which 3,000 lives were lost and no important advantage gained by either party.

The death of John Jay, the distinguished jurist and statesman, occurred at the age of 84 years.

The Emperor of Brazil ordered that after 1829 no slaves should be brought into that country.

Five thousand weavers at Spitalsfields, England, struck for higher wages.

Several manufactories in Massachusetts shut down as the result of a demand by their employes for higher wages.

Fifty Years Ago.

Santa Anna made a triumphant entry into Mexico, saying he had conquered Alvarez.

The corner stone of the first Masonic temple in Chicago, on Dearborn street, between Washington and Randolph streets, was laid.

U. S. Grant, afterwards President of the United States, joined his father in the leather business at Galena, Ill.

A new slave capitation tax was decreed in Cuba.

Forty Years Ago.

The eighth day's battle of Spottsylvania was fought between the armies of Grant and Lee, with a loss of 10,000 on each side in killed, wounded and prisoners.

Major General Richard Oglesby, just from a visit with General Grant, in the army of the Potomac, addressed a crowd from the balcony of the Sherman House.

The House of Representatives passed a measure giving homesteads on rebel estates to soldiers and sailors.

Boatloads of wounded began arriving at Washington, D. C., from the battle of Spottsylvania.

General U. S. Grant tried to turn the left flank of Lee's army at Spottsylvania, Warren's and Wright's troops getting stuck in a quagmire and causing the movement to fail.

Thirty Years Ago.

John Sherman, of Ohio, explained the provisions of his famous finance bill to the United States Senate.

President MacMahon, of France, accepted the resignation of the De Broglie cabinet and directed M. Goulard to form a new ministry.

The Duke de Broglie presented his plan for an upper legislative body in France, which had caused the downfall of President Thiers.

Six vessels arrived at Bridgeport, on the Illinois and Michigan Canal, carrying 34,200 bushels of grain, and four cleared from same port with lumber.

Hamilton Fish, Secretary of State of the United States, was conducting negotiations for a reciprocity treaty with Canada.

Twenty Years Ago.

Gladstone, in the British House of Commons, publicly denied the charges that the Government had deserted General Gordon.

The office of Russell Sage, in Wall street, New York, was besieged by a crowd which sought settlement of Mr. Sage's losses on the stock market.

The New York banking firm of Fisk & Hatch collapsed.

The House of Representatives passed the bill giving Alaska a civil government.

Ten Years Ago.

Fire at Boston, Mass., destroyed buildings covering ten acres of ground, rendering 4,000 persons homeless.

Talmage's Brooklyn (N. Y.) tabernacle and adjoining residences were burned with a loss of $2,000,000.

THE NEWS

A REPUBLICAN NEWSPAPER.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY BY

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By Mail, One Dollar Per Year, in Advance.

THE NEWS Guarantees a Larger Bonafide Circulation in Western Lake County, than Any Paper Published in The State.

ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS.

There is no truth in the insinuation which has been made that Mr. Ware, the Commissioner of pensions is anxious to resign his position on account of the extra work and criticisms as a result of the celebrated Executive order number 78, granting pensions to Civil war soldiers over 62 years of age. It has long been known that the Commissioner never wanted the position, that he concented to take it only to oblige the President who threatened to "draft" him if he declined to "volunteer" Mr. Ware is well satisfied with the manner in which the office has been conducted under his administration, but he is never the less anxious to get back to his paper and law practice in Kansas.

A great question now agitating some good people is why young men do not go to church. For a long time people have been grouping about in the dark for an answer. It now appears that the clergy are so highly over educated and have so much to say about art, ethnology, psychology, logic, Hebrew, Sanskrit, and degenerates that the average man fails to understand what he hears. A highly educated clergyman requires a correspondingly highly educated congregation.

It is a little early yet for the people to visit the St. Louis exhibition, since the farmers are still engaged in seeding, but later on the grand rush will begin. The fair really opened a month too soon, and thus far about $15,000 per day have been paid for admissons. But it may yet be a a grand success, and save Uncle Sam the necessity of taking charge of the gates and putting tho receipts into the pockets of those striped trousers.

August 8th is the day set for the opening of the land to settlement in the Rosebud Indian Reservation in South Dakota. For the first three months the uniform price of the land will be $4 per acre. The drawings for choice of lots will begin at Chamberlin on July 28. In this manner 400,000 acres are to be disposed of. This is continueing the Republican policy of providing homesteads for actual settlers.

The 1,400 delegates attending the Young Men's Chriftian Association Convention at Buffalo, were delighted to receive a letter from the President in which he commended them for not confining themselves to talking but for trying to realize in some degree on this earth the ideals of Chistianity.

There is considerable effervescence at republican conventions this year, and the turbulence of a gathering is sometimes sufficient to tempt the democratic press to name it a riot. Of course it is only the vivacity which indicates an interest in the cause. "The agitation of thought is the beginning of wisdom."

The Democratic National platform will probably declare that the Philippine islands ought to be free and to be endowed with self government ultimately. Will Governor Boutwell or Colonel Bryan or Gamaliel Bradford or General Miles tell us what "Ultimately" means?

At last the case of Post Master Van Cott of New York has been reached in the investigation of post office irregularities and the President has ordered that official to dismiss his son from the service and to refund the salary which he paid a relative who did nothing to earn it.

During the Civil War the only four battles of importance were won by the Union General who had not been educated at West Point. These were Banks, Butler and Terry. The grand total of generals who have graduated from the Military academy foots up to 448.

Those who make pilgrimages to Esopus declare that Judge Parker is a delightful conversationalist. He has learned the art from Madam de Stael who became renowned for her eloquence by keeping still and letting her guests do the talking.

The Oriental war is comparatively harmless, after all. In the three land battles already reported, there have been fewer men killed on both sides than suffered violent deaths in Chicago last month—266.

The Republican party is rich enough in men who are fit to be president not to be obliged to force the nomination for Vice President on a man who does not want it.

Queen Liliuokalani is in St Louis as a guest, but she has to move around with considerable celerity to avoid being classed by the managers as an exhibit.

The total number of delegates in the Republican convention in Chicago will be 992, two of them from the Island of Porto Rico.

Bread a Cold Weather Food.

According to English brokers, people eat more bread when the weather is cold than when it is mild.

Gigantic Bird Cage.

Women will be interested in the gigantic bird cage at the world's fair, which is 325 feet long. The covering is of wire, strengthened by a steel framework. A wooden platform surrounds the cage, and through the center runs a founteen-foot walk. In this aviary the feathered tribes will disport themselves under natural conditions.

Main American Exports.

Agricultural products form the largest group of exports from the United States, amounting to $873,000,000 in 1903, or 63 per cent of the total, while manufactures amount to $407,000,000, or 29 per cent of the total. In 1880 agricultural products formed 83 per cent and manufactures but 12½ per cent of the total exports of domestic products.

Japs Take Balloon Course.

A number of Japanese staff officers have been instructed at the school of military ballooning at Aldershot, England, which is the most important one in the world. Officers are taught to take important observations from great heights, as well as the making of maps and taking photographs from both free and captive balloons.

To Drain Italian Marshes.

Nearly all the property owners in the Pontine marshes of Italy have given their consent to the project of renting their property for thirty years to a German syndicate, which intends to drain and cultivate it. Some Italian banks are included in the syndicate.

Loss on Coins.

The loss incurred by the wearing of coins in circulation has been made the subject of a number of precise experiments, from which it was ascertained that the gold coins lose 3½ per cent in 100 years. Large silver coins lose 13½ per cent and small ones 49 per cent.

Island Acts as Magnet.

The island of Bornholm, situated in the Baltic, acts as a huge magnet. It exerts such an influence on the compass that it can cause a vessel to turn perceptibly from its course. The effect of this magnetic island is perceptible at a distance of nine and a half miles.

To-day.

To-day
Unsullied comes to thee newborn;
To-morrow is not thine,
The sun may cease to shine
For thee, ere earth shall greet its morn.

Be earnest, then, in thought and deed,
Nor fear approaching night;
Calm comes with evening light
And hope and peace—thy duty heed.
To-day. —Ruskin.

His Rule of Business.

A fair young thing, who buttonholed a Wall street magnate and asked him what was his rule of business, is puzzling over his answer. "Very simple. I pay for something that I can't get with money I haven't got, and then sell what I never had for more than it ever cost."

Work Done by Dancers.

According to a German statistician each person in a quadrille dances a mile and a quarter. He gives the average distances in other dances as follows: Pas de squtre, 875 yards; polka, 950 yards; mazurka, 1,030 yards; waltz, 1,300 yards.

Bell Tolled by Electricity.

At the church of the Sacred Heart in Paris a 22-ton bell is tolled by electricity. A choir boy does the work, which formerly required the services of five men.

Artificial Eyes.

Artificial eyes were first used by the Egyptians long before the Christian era. Mummies have been found with artificial optics. They were fashioned of gold, silver, copper or ivory.

Church Members in United States.

According to the Church Economist, the church members in the United States number 29,000,000, or 36 per cent of the entire population, an increase of 29 per cent since 1800.

SHYLOCK

Shylock was the man who wanted a pound of human flesh. There are many Shylocks now, the convalescent, the consumptive, the sickly child, the pale young woman, all want human flesh and they can get it—take Scott's Emulsion.

Scott's Emulsion is flesh and blood, bone and muscle. It feeds the nerves, strengthens the digestive organs and they feed the whole body.

For nearly thirty years Scott's Emulsion has been the great giver of human flesh.

We will send you a couple of ounces free.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists,
409-415 Pearl Street, New York.
50c. and $1.00; all druggists.

Did We But Know.

Did we but know
How little some enjoy who much possess,
That something's lacking they must still confess—
Did we but know, we'd envy them the less.

Did we but know
Whose smiling faces hide a host of cares,
Whose pride conceals the ache the bosom bears—
Did we but know, our sympathy were theirs.

Did we but know
When envying others for their wealth or powers,
What griefs or troubles theirs that are not ours—
Did we but know, we'd deem our lives all flowers.

Did we but know
Some joys are ever purchased with a pain,
That 'tis another's loss that brings us gain,
Did we but know, from envy we'd abstain.

—George Birdseye.

A Good Secret to Know.

A man went to a nose and throat specialist the other day to have his cold cured. As he was paying a not small sum for the first treatment he said: "How long does it take you to cure a cold?"

"Three weeks," said the specialist.

"And how long would it take me to get well if I didn't come to you?" asked the alarmed patient.

"Twenty-one days," said the specialist.

And it wasn't until the patient was half-way home that he suddenly stopped and pondered whether he ought to laugh or get angry. He finally decided that perhaps the secret he had learned was worth the price he had paid for it. It's a good secret to know.—Saturday Evening Post.

Saves Doctor's Fees.

A woman died in St. Leonards, England, recently of self-doctoring, as she disliked doctors. A witness at the inquest testified that deceased had been known to take, at one time, just before going to bed, nine compound rhubarb pills, several mixtures, four tablespoonfuls of senna, three tablespoonfuls of cascara and a quantity of magnesia.

Belgium Egg Exports.

Belgium exports annually $6,500,000 worth of eggs. The shipments are almost entirely to England, where the demand is for eggs which run seven and a quarter to the pound. The Mediterranean breeds — Leghorns, Spanish Minorcas and Andalusians—are the most popular.

Whales Attain Enormous Age.

Whales have been killed whose age was estimated at 400 years. The method by which they determine this question is the counting the layers of laminae forming what is popularly called "whalebone." These laminae increase yearly, as does the growth of the bark on a tree.

Keeps Ships to a Channel.

A professor of McGill university, Montreal, has brought out an invention which may enable ships to dispense with pilots in rivers and harbors. By means of telephones a ship's officers are enabled to keep in the line of an insulated cable laid on the bed of the navigable channel.

Get Breakfast at School.

In the large German cities there are many children who must attend school beginning at 8 o'clock in winter, and 7 in summer, who do not get enough to eat for breakfast. Consequently, arrangements have been made in a number of places for providing the necessary food for those in need.

World of Authors.

It has been said that Chaucer describes men and things as they are; Shakespeare as they would be under the circumstances supposed; Spencer as we would wish them to be; Milton as they ought to be; Byron as they ought to be; and Shelby as they never can be.

Making Cotton in Japan.

Employes in Japanese cotton factories get only 8 to 14 cents for a day's work of eleven or twelve hours. The work, however, is much less strenuous than in this country, and much time is wasted in loafing, talking, laughing and drinking tea.

Profit in City Ownership.

Street railways owned by English municipalities make handsome profits, which materially reduce local taxes. During the current year, it is estimated, Nottingham will clear $90,000 from this source, Liverpool $123,000, Leeds $300,000 and Manchester $250,000.

Importance of Russian Stove.

The most important thing in the house of a Russian peasant is his stove. These stoves usually measure 8 feet in length, 5 in width, and 6 in height. At night the old people and the children sleep on them.

Less Sale for Shoemakers' Knives.

Sheffield manufacturers note a great falling off in the demand for shoemakers' knives. They attribute this to the saving in shoe leather made by the public use of the "tram cars."

And He Wants $100.

When a bachelor gets a salary of $60 a week, everybody who knows him wonders what in the world he ever does with it.—Somerville Journal.

Highest Price for Testament.

A copy of Wycliffe's New Testament, which is nearly 500 years old, was sold recently in London for $580.

How Pens Are Polished.

Pens are polished with emory powder in a large revolving drum.

THE SPRING SEASON
AT
EUREKA SPRINGS, ARK.,
is the most delightful of all the year. It is reached in one night from St. Louis,
VIA
FRISCO SYSTEM

Visitors to the World's Fair should not fail to make the trip.

The entire country about Eureka Springs abounds in the beauties of nature. Towering mountains; huge rugged cliffs; gushing springs; rocks of all sorts of strange and curious construction; caves of the most singular and interesting formations. The variety and charm of the imposing landscape never fails to enrapture visitors. Its altitude is clear dry weather, agreeable temperature, pure air and pure water, appeals strongly to the man who has just gone through a serious siege of illness and it is wonderful how rapidly one builds up at this place. Troubles of the stomach, liver, kidneys, bladder, rheumatism, catarrh, asthma, malaria, nervous diseases, skin diseases, drug and liquor habits, and many others are invariably benefited and most cases positively cured.

The hotel service is excellent and the rates moderate. Very low rates in effect all the year round.

Write for free copy of our pamphlet entitled, "The Summit of the Ozarks."

Address,
Passenger Traffic Department,
Saint Louis.

Adjudication Notice.

Public notice is hereby given that the subscribers, administratrix of the estate of Albert Freese, deceased, will attend the County Court of Lake County, at a term thereof to be holden at the Court House in Waukegan, in said county, on the first Monday of August, next, 1904, when and where all persons having claims against said estate are notified and requested to present the same to said court for adjudication.

BERTHA FREESE, Administratrix.
Waukegan, May 13, 1904. 89w6

Emulating Her Father.

At a recent children's party, given on the Hill, the little people were discussing, during refreshment time, what they intended "to be" when they grew up. One little girl announced that she "expected to marry a handsome man," whereupon her partner straightened up and remarked, "And I shall follow my father's example and be a bachelor."—Brooklyn Life.

Children Have No Footwear.

Italian children of the poorer classes can neither hang up their stockings at Christmas nor put their shoes out the window at Twelfth night for the wise men to fill. For when the weather is too cold for them to go barefoot they wear rags bound around their feet for coverings.

Scientists announce that Bright's disease, diabetes, cystitis and every form of kidney and urinary trouble as well as rheumatism, lumbago and similar affections do not and cannot exist in the great pine forests. The very air is laden with the healing and invigorating breath from the pines. Pineules brings health to your home and are a never failing cure for all the above troubles. Sold at Swan's drug store.

No Incumbrances.

"Have you any children?" he asked. "No," replied the beautiful grass widow; their father wanted his people to bring them up, and my lawyer thought it would be foolish of me to fight for possession of them as long as they could have such good care and so many luxuries if I let them go."

Ingenious Japanese Contrivance.

In casting the Japanese make the model of wax, place it in a box and then fill the box with molding sand. After drying, holes are made in the sand clump, which is then placed on a fire. The wax and flows through the holes, leaving a correct copy of the model in the sand.

Bee's Honey and Tar is a delightful remedy for coughs, colds, lagrippe, croup, whooping cough, phneumonia and consumption. Made from the best clover honey and tarry distillations. It is mildly laxative, tonic and strengthening. Children like it and it cures. Best cough cure. Sold at Swan's drug store.

Think Land Rich in Minerals.

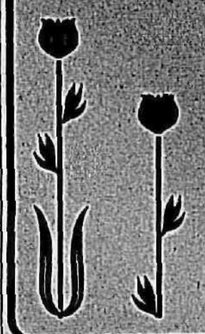
The impression prevails that the land between Panama and Colon is rich in mineral deposits, and there is every reason to think that popular belief is not without considerable foundation in fact. Reports have reached Panama of rich deposits in the Veragua region.

Give $600,000,000.

Public benefactions in America during ten years aggregate $610,410,000.

KILL THE COUGH AND CURE THE LUNGS
WITH Dr. King's New Discovery
FOR CONSUMPTION, COUGHS and COLDS
Price 50c & $1.00
Free Trial.
Surest and Quickest Cure for all THROAT and LUNG TROUBLES, or MONEY BACK.

Millions of Dollars Lost



By Farmers every year by Smut on oats, and other small grain. This can be prevented by the use of
FORMALDEHYDE
For Sale by
Jas. H. Swan
ANTIOCH, ILL.
Call at store for descriptive circular

C. G. Nelson
Headquarters for
FARM MACHINERY
CHAMPION BINDERS, MOWERS & REAPERS
LAKE VILLA : : ILLINOIS

USE A B Stove Polish
WORLD'S BEST
LIQUID AND DRY
Ayling Bros. 14 Haddon Av., Chicago

LEGAL NOTICES.

Adjudication Notice.

Public notice is hereby given that the subscriber, administrator of the estate of Stephen F. Grice, deceased, will attend the County Court of Lake County, at a term thereof to be holden at the Court House in Waukegan, in said county, on the first Monday of June next, 1904, when and where all persons having claims against said estate are notified and requested to present the same to said court for adjudication.

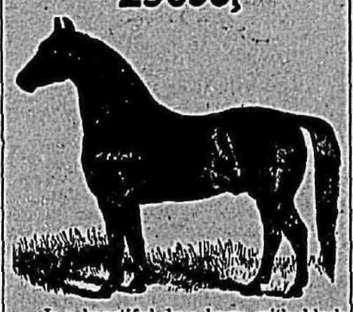
L. B. GRICE,
Administrator.
Waukegan, March 23, 1904. 82-1t

Adjudication Notice.

Public notice is hereby given that the subscriber, administrator of the estate of George Davis, deceased, will attend the county court of Lake County, at a term thereof to be holden at the Court House in Waukegan, in said county on the first Monday of June next, 1904 when and where all persons having claims against said estate are notified and requested to present the same to said court for adjudication.

A. N. TIFFANY, Administrator.
Waukegan, April 6, 1904. 85w6

...ELECTROPINOS... 29095,



Is a beautiful bay horse with black points, stands 16 hands and 1 inch high and weighs 1,240 pounds; foaled 1893. He got first premium on his colts and also sweepstakes on horses at the McHenry County Fair and has won 11 blue ribbons. He is compactly built, close coupled, strong at all points, perfect in form, of very fine finish and is without a particle of coarseness. Measured by breeding and individuality this young horse is a hard one to excel. He is a show horse fit to appear in any company. His style is superior, and in addition to these qualities has great natural speed, and we predict that the race horse qualities of the Electioneers, intensified by such fashionable breeding as that of the Wilkes, and back of that by the Dictator and Abdallah 15 bloods, can scarcely fail of the best results.

Electropinos has wonderful natural speed; and we predict if properly mated will sire extreme speed. He will be traveled from April 15 to July 15, after that he will be tracked.

TERMS: I have placed the services of Electropinos at $12.00 if paid before Nov. 15, or $15.00 to insure a live colt. If mare is disposed insurance becomes due, which is within reach of every man who owns a brood mare.

For further particulars call on or address,

Having leased the horse, Pat Uno, will make the season of 1904 at my place, ¼ mile east of Hickory Corners. $10.00 to insure, all mares disposed, services to become due.

L. J. Slocum,
HICKORY, - ILLINOIS.

E. V. ORVIS,
LAWYER.
PRACTICE ALL COURTS.

FRANK B. ORVIS,
INSURANCE.
Offices: Waukegan. Phone 1291. Spring Grove.

FARM FOR SALE.

ONE OF THE BEST FARMS IN Lake County, consisting of 120 acres well improved, with a good 10 room House, good Barn, Granery, Wagon House, good Well and geared Windmill, plenty of Timber, and some lake frontage. * * * * * *

CALL ON OR ADDRESS
JAMES KERR,
LAKE VILLA, ILLINOIS.

JOHN J. McDOUGALL,
Veterinay Surgeon
Antioch, Illinois.
Colts Castrated at the old-time price of $1.00 each.

J. C. James, Jr.,
Justice of the Peace.
Notary Public
Collections, Legal Work and Fire Insurance
Special Agent
PRUDENTIAL LIFE INSURANCE CO

J. C. JAMES, JR.,
UNDERTAKER.
Licensed Embalmer.
Licensed by the State Board of Health

T. N. DONNELLY & CO.
Loan and Diamond Brokers
118 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.,
Between Washington and Madison.

DIAMONDS, WATCHES, ALL KINDS JEWELRY at less than cost. At half the price you pay the regular stores. Dec 19 01 y1

Dr. F. H. Swartz,
DENTIST
Office on Lake street Tel. 308.
ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS

The Brooke Barlow Investment Co
has Money To Loan
on good improved farms at 5 per cent interest Inquire
t29 BANK OF ANTIOCH.

I DON'T KEEP FURNITURE
I sell it. Why? Because I give you better goods for less money. And I still have a few bargains in Shoes left from the Hegeman stock at 25 cents on the dollar.
L. B. GRICE, ANTIOCH, ILL.

FREE! Knowing what it was to suffer I will give FREE OF CHARGE, to any afflicted, a positive cure for Eczema, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Piles and Skin Diseases. Instant relief. Don't suffer longer. Write F. W. WILLIAMS, 3 West 103d st., New York

ADJOINING TOWNS

From our Staff of Able Correspondents.

LAKE VILLA, ILL.

Mr. R. A. Douglas spent Saturday here.

L. W. Rowling was in Chicago Tuesday, buying stock for his store.

Mr. A. O. Gullidge was an Antioch caller Tuesday.

Miss Stella Rowling visited her sister, Mrs. E. Shepardson over Sunday.

Mrs. H. Hendricks was in Lake Villa last week.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Wald spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Rowling.

Miss Martha Richards spent last week at home.

Mrs. J. Atwell is entertaining friends from Chicago.

Mrs. Emma Kerr has been visiting friends in Waukegan.

Mr. James King went to Grayslake Sunday evening.

Mr. James MacLean, Mr. Andrew Neish and Mr. Murry were in Lake Villa Tuesday.

Mr. J. McMahon and Mr. D. Sugar were in Chicago on business last week.

Six pupils of our school were in Antioch last Thursday taking their examinations.

Mrs. Charles Hamlin was in Grayslake Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. P. S. Daniels and Mrs. Gresimer went to Chicago Monday.

In the absence of Rev. Lee next Sunday morning, Rev. Grenell will speak here.

Mr. A. Gullidge spent Sunday at his home in Gurnee.

Mrs. J. G. Rowling and Miss Ethel Colling were over to Grass Lake on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. C. G. Nelson spent Saturday and Sunday in Waukegan.

Mrs. Andrew Sherwood visited with Mr. and Mrs. Henry Sherwood over Sunday.

Mr. Charles Harbaugh was suddenly called to Stevens Point, Wis., by the death of his father.

Mrs. E. Shepardson and son John, visited with Mrs. Floyd Culver at Fox Lake one day last week.

The Ladies Aid Society will hold its next regular meeting on Wednesday, June 1 with Mrs. C. B. Hamlin. A cordial invitation is extended to all. Cora Hamlin Sec'y.

The Royal Neighbors of Cedar Lake Camp number 460 wish to express their gratitude to the Woodmen and to all who assisted them in saving their furniture the night of the fire.

On Saturday June 4 the Epworth League will hold a rally at the Grayslake M. E. church. The services will begin at 2:30 in the afternoon and at 7:00 in the evening.

GRAYSLAKE, ILL.

Mrs. Ward of Waukegan spent the last of the week with her sister Mrs. Ed. Adams.

Mrs. Gorden of Dwight is the guest of her son, Mr. Barstow and family.

Mrs. Euclid Hendee is spending the week with relatives at Antioch.

Mr. and Mrs. N. White visited over Sunday with friends near Kenosha.

H. J. Higley of Chicago spent Sunday with his parents here.

Mrs. Atwell is spending the week with her son in Chicago.

Mrs. Fred Miltimore and little daughter of Chicago are visiting relatives here.

Mrs. Boyce attended the funeral of her mother, Mrs. Stone, at Wauconda last Thursday.

Mrs. Cafer gave an interesting talk at the Congregational church on Sunday evening.

Mrs. Gerlach returned home on Saturday from Chicago where she has been spending the week with her da ughter.

Mr. and Mrs. Redding have moved to the upper rooms of the Wheelock house. Mr. Redding is night operator at Fox Lake.

On Friday evening burglars tried to entrance into Wm. Wedges residence by trying to pry a window open, but were frightened away by hearing Mr. Wedge up.

The May Festival given at the Congregational church on Friday evening, was one of the best ever given by the children. The proceeds amounted to $25.55. Mrs. Wald and Mrs. Decker deserve great credit for the way in which they had the children drilled, every member being good. The members of the Aid society extend to them a vote of thanks.

The health and fragrance and strength of the great pine forests are condensed in Pineules—a new discovery put up in a new way. A cure for Bright's disease, calculus, rheumatism, lumbago and every form of urinary disturbance. Sold at Swan's drug store.

BRISTOL, WIS.

Our local machinists are kept busy these days supplying the wants of the farmers.

It is reported that G. R. Stonebreaker has sold his farm and will move to Chicago in the near future.

Fred Murdoch has purchased a swell new rubber tired run-about, which will be used regularly during the summer.

The foundation for Harvey Gaines' house is about finished and the carpenters will begin work soon.

A number of our Bristol people took in the circus at Kenosha on Thursday. They all report it as being of the highest order.

Dr. Stevens had professional business in Chicago Tuesday, Wednesday and Saturday of last week.

A dance will be given at the hall this (Friday) evening and the music will be furnished by Stemm's Orchestra.

Railway employees were here on Tuesday giving the depot a general cleaning up, preparatory for the summer business which will soon begin.

News of the burning of the soda house and four box-cars on the sidetrack of the Powder Mill at Pleasant Prairie, was received by telephone on Monday evening.

Wm. Watkins, who spent the winter in California, returned to this village last week. He reports that the climate of California is all that could be desired and the fishing the very best.

The M. E. church will observe Memorial Sunday in an appropriate manner. The songs will be in memory of the old soldiers and the sermon preached will recall to the minds of many, the hardships of the war. The pastor desires a large attendance.

An expert electrician was out from Kenosha one day last week and in company with the Manager of the Bristol company, over the New Munster line which has been giving so much trouble. The trouble was located and the expert commended Mr. Bishop very highly on the way he had built the line and put in the phones.

The returns of the State convention were received by our towns-people with a great deal of enthusiasm. The next morning after the returns were received, the trees and telephone poles bore signs bearing news that was intended to let the so-called "Stalwarts" know that "Bob" had again been nominated. The whole collection was gathered together during the day and posted up on Gunters' meat market, together with a picture of a skeleton representing the "Stalwarts", which was draped in black. Some spirited arguments were heard which seemed to indicate that the "Stalwarts" or as they are now called, the "Bolters", would favor the election of a democrat in preference to La Follette.

MILLBURN, ILL.

The Jolly Workers met Saturday with Miss Helen Dodge.

Mr. Starkweather has placed a piano in the home of David Young.

The Ladies' Aid will meet with Mrs. Baten Thursday, June 2nd. All welcome.

Mrs. A. E. Stewart is visiting her daughter, Mrs. C. E. Denman.

Dr. Jamieson is painting his house and we are glad to note all such improvements.

Mrs. C. M. Grace, of Chicago, is visiting her son Victor at the home of C. E. Denman.

The C. E. society and Church Ladies cleaned the church last Wednesday. A much needed improvement.

Mrs. Jeanette Mathews has moved back to her own home. We are glad to see her back.

C. E. Topic, May 29: "What Christian Endeavor is doing for Missions." Luke 1, 49-55. Lucy Spafford, Leader.

Mrs. John Phillips left Millburn last Thursday for her former home in Tennessee.

Miss Katie Hole, of Deerfield, spent Saturday and Sunday with her friend, Helen Dodge.

Mrs. Yule is home again from Waukegan, where she has been visiting her daughter, Mrs. Gerry.

There will be a meeting at the church Saturday at 8 p. m., May 28, to decide on repairing the church. All interested come.

The Ladies of the Millburn Ladies' Aid are most cordially invited to meet the Ladies of North Prairie M. E. church at the home of Mrs. John Irving, June 8.

Motor Life Boat.

The first motor life boat built in France has just been launched at the port of La Rochelle. It is worked by petroleum, and is of twelve horsepower.

The Best Pills Sold
For Young or Old
Dade's Little Liver Pills.
Sold at Swan's drug store.

TREVOR, WIS

Mrs. Smithbauer returned from her Chicago visit Tuesday.

H. C. Patrick and George Booth were transacting business in Chicago Thursday.

Mrs. Jerome Story, of Pikeville, spent Wednesday with Sarah Patrick.

Clarence Bolton, of Bristol, called on relatives and friends on Friday.

Elbert Kennedy was a Chicago passenger Monday.

Mrs. Aichtenberg is entertaining a sister from Wheatland.

James Collier, of Gibson City, and Mrs. Mattie Arnold, of Chicago, visited the Patrick families the latter part of last week.

Mr. Dare Saulpaugh, of Chicago, and Mr. Charles Sabin, of Antioch, were calling on Trevor friends Saturday.

A special school meeting was called on Monday evening, when it was decided to build a new school house. Supt. Taylor was present at the meeting.

HICKORY, ILL.

Mrs. Griffin is sick with quinsy.

Mrs. Frank Newell is gaining and is able to sit up a few moments each day.

Miss Maud Frazier is home from Grass Lake, where she has been stopping.

Colonel Slocum and B. W. Ames went to Ringwood last Saturday on business.

The schools will soon be closed for the summer.

Mr. and Mrs. Crabtree, Mr. H. D. Hollenbeck and son Hallis, Miss Lelia Smith, and Ben Ames spent Sunday at Hickory.

No preaching last Sunday, Mr. Boag is having a short vacation and is visiting in Missouri.

Next Monday is Decoration Day. A very enjoyable program will be given at Antioch, to which everybody is invited.

Examinations were held at Antioch last Thursday for diplomas. About thirty took it from there. All hope for their diplomas, and we hope they will get them.

EAST FOX LAKE.

Miss Alice Simes, of McHenry, is visiting her grandmother at this place.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Hook and Mrs. Frank Galiger were Grayslake visitors Monday.

Bert and Grace Galiger were Woodstock visitors Saturday and Sunday.

The next meeting of the Fox Lake Cemetery society will be at the home of Mrs. Walter White on Thursday afternoon, June 2. Visitors always welcome.

Mrs. S. D. Brott and son and daughter visited friends here, and also attended the meeting of the Cemetery society on Friday of last week, driving from their home in McHenry County near Woodstock.

Bee's Honey and Tar will prevent or cure pneumonia. It will utterly distroy the germs of the disease. It is marvelously efficacious in every form of lung inflammation, tone up the exhausted glands and builds up the muscular tissues. Cures all coughs, croup, whooping cough and expels colds in one night. Try it. Sold at Swan's drug store.

Immense Propeller Flanges.

The flanges on the propellers of large ships are seven and a half feet long. Their tips revolve at the rate of a mile and a half a minute.

Ring's Dyspepsia Tadlets give immediate relief and permanently cure dyspepsia, indigestion and all stomach and bowel troubles. Sold at Swan's drug store.

Pay Millions for Eggs.

The English buy $30,000,000 worth of eggs abroad each year, the average price being 16 cents a dozen.

Women as Well as Men Are Made Miserable by Kidney Trouble.



Kidney trouble preys upon the mind, discourages and lessens ambition; beauty, vigor and cheerfulness soon disappear when the kidneys are out of order or diseased.

Kidney trouble has become so prevalent that it is not uncommon for a child to be born afflicted with weak kidneys. If the child urinates too often, if the urine scalds the flesh or if, when the child reaches an age when it should be able to control the passage, it is yet afflicted with bed-wetting, depend upon it, the cause of the difficulty is kidney trouble, and the first step should be towards the treatment of these important organs. This unpleasant trouble is due to a diseased condition of the kidneys and bladder and not to a habit as most people suppose.

Women as well as men are made miserable with kidney and bladder trouble, and both need the same great remedy. The mild and the immediate effect of **Swamp-Root** is soon realized. It is sold by druggists, in fifty-cent and one dollar sizes. You may have a sample bottle by mail free, also pamphlet telling all about it, including many of the thousands of testimonial letters received from sufferers cured. In writing Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., be sure and mention this paper.



Home of Swamp-Root.

Don't mak any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp-Root. Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton N. Y., on every bottle.

...We Challange the World...
to BEAT our BULK COFFEE for 20 and 25 cents.

WE are selling the "Selz" Shoes at exceptionally Low Prices.

WE receive Fresh Fruits and Vegetables Daily.

THIS is the Day to Buy a Hammock and a Lawn Mower.

SELECT your Summer Wear Today while the Assortments are Good.

WILLIAMS BROTHERS
ANTIOCH DEPARTMENT STORE

Split Wood by Machine.

A machine has been invented which is capable of splitting wood two feet long and eighteen inches thick. It is run by a three horsepower gasoline engine, and consists of a huge knife which works through the knottiest wood at the rate of sixty strokes a minute.

Pasteboard From Wood.

Pasteboard made of 40 per cent peat fiber and 60 per cent wood shavings is a standard product both in Germany and Sweden, being stronger, lighter and cheaper than pasteboard made in the ordinary way.

CHOICE LAND

with Clay Loam Soil, located in Taylor, Price and Ashland Counties, Wis. Splendid opportunity to get a farm and home on easy terms. Healthy climate.

SPECIAL OFFERINGS

To be made this Spring of Lands near Railroad, tributary to good roads and near schools and churches. The luxuriant growths of clovers and grasses will soon make this one of the leading Dairy and Sheep Raising districts in America.

Write to-day for booklet Sent free. 18

W. H. KILLEN
Land Comm'r W. C. Ry., Milwaukee, Wis.

BEE'S Laxative HONEY AND TAR

An improvement over all Cough, Lung and Bronchial Remedies. Cures Coughs, Strengthens the Lungs and Gently Moves the Bowels.

Pleasant to the taste and good alike for Young and Old.

PREPARED BY
Pineule Medicine Co., Chicago, U. S. A.
Sold at Swan's Drug Store.

FEMALE WEAKNESS

542 1-2 Congress St.
Portland, Maine, Oct. 17, 1902.

I consider Wine of Cardui superior to any doctor's medicine I ever used and I know whereof I speak. I suffered for nine months with suppressed menstruation which completely prostrated me. Pains would shoot through my back and sides and I would have blinding headaches. My limbs would swell up and I would feel so weak I could not stand up. I naturally felt discouraged for I seemed to be beyond the help of physicians, but Wine of Cardui came as a God-send to me. I felt a change for the better within a week. After nineteen days treatment I menstruated without suffering the agonies I usually did and soon became regular and without pain. Wine of Cardui is simply wonderful and I wish that all suffering women knew of its good qualities.

Wilhelmina Snow
Treasurer, Portland Economic League

Periodical headaches tell of female weakness. Wine of Cardui cures permanently nineteen out of every twenty cases of irregular menses, bearing down pains or any female weakness. If you are discouraged and doctors have failed, that is the best reason in the world you should try Wine of Cardui now. Remember that headaches mean female weakness. Secure a $1.00 bottle of Wine of Cardui today.

WINE OF CARDUI

INVESTIGATE

BEFORE YOU BUY YOUR SUPPLY OF PAINT

In these days of sharp competition it is well to see to it that you get what you pay for. There are so many brands of House Paints on the market nowadays, advertised as "Pure" (but little better than "dope") that a man ought to know positively what he is buying. We suggest to those about to paint to make a practical test and convince themselves. Buy a small can of Monarch Mixed Paint and one of any other brand with which you may have been favorably impressed, selecting about the same colors and paint out a few feet. Carefully measure the paint so that you use no more of one than the other. Thus, with the conditions the same, you can determine for yourself which paint has the better body or covering capacity; which spreads the smoothest and looks the best. If you do not decide in favor of the Monarch Paint we will refund the money you paid for the can of Monarch used in the experiment.

MONARCH PAINT
is guaranteed absolutely pure and sold subject to chemical analysis.

MONARCH PAINT
in point of covering capacity and durability is unsurpassed by any painting material made.

MONARCH PAINT
being made of pure materials covers 25 per cent more surface, wears longer, and is more economical than adulterated paint.

A. N. TIFFANY & COMPANY
UNION BLOCK, ANTIOCH, ILL.

BARGAINS

In Missouri, Indian Territory, Oklahoma or Texas
DEEDED ** LANDS

with Perfect Title, in Tracts to Suit, 80 Acres Up, Lands that Grow
Wheat, Corn, Oats, Cotton and all kinds of Fruit and Vegetables.

Prices Range From $8 To $20 Per Acre.

Will double in value in short time.

For Information Adress or Call on Geo. E. Webb, Frisco System Immigration Agent,
ANTIOCH, * * ILLINOIS

....AT....
Osmonds' Furniture Store
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Window Glass * Carpets by sample
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Want your moustache or beard a beautiful brown or rich black? Use BUCKINGHAM'S DYE
FIFTY CTS. OF DRUGGISTS OR R. P. HALL & CO., NASHUA, N. H.

"UNKNOWN."

Or where the ring-dove's notes, sweet summer's augur
Float from the hillsides o'er the Tennessee,
Or by the James, or by the Chickamauga,
Or where the Gulf winds dip the sails alee.

Or where the Schuylkill cleaves the vernal shadows,
Or stretches far the commerce-gathering arms
Of the broad Hudson, through the freshened meadows
Of village rims and harvest-blooming farms,
Where'er we meet the friends once fondly cherished
And hands all warm with old affection take,
Breathe ye with love the names of those who perished
And sleep in graves unknown, for Freedom's sake.
The wooded slope of Chattanooga shadows
The level fields where they repose, alone;
In serried rows in Arlington's green meadows
Their headstones speak the one sad word, "Unknown."

Balm-breathing Junes, to old home-farms returning,
Bear from green fields no pleasant airs to them,
Nor rose and lily's odorous censers burning,
In morning suns, from dew-bejeweled stem,

The west winds blow by Chickamauga River,
The south winds play the Rapidan beside;
But they are dead, and we shall see them never,
Till heaven's armies follow Him who died.

Peace! Let us mingle love's sweet tears with pity's
For those who bought the heritage we own,
Who gave their all, and in death's silent cities
Have but the nameless epitaph, "Unknown."

—Boston Herald.

The Borrowed Regimentals.

A Romance of Memorial Day.

Always towards Decoration Day old Silas Morton went through the self-same period of excitement, fervor and patriotism. Along about the 20th of May he became a being revivified by stirring memories, and no man kept better step, looked more dignified and important than the old hero of Company B, who had saved the regimental colors at Pea Ridge forty odd years back. Silas had got a two-line notice in the busy prints for that five-minute plunge amid shot and shell, but a century of love and devotion in the hearts of comrades and their descendants.

Memorial Day was a picture-dream to him, an occasion where rarely fervent and tender emotions mingled. He devoted hours to formulating programs of ceremonies, to brushing up his cherished accoutrements. On the eve of the day memorable he strolled over to the home of his veteran companion in arms, John Ridgely.

Paul Ridgely, grandson, sat on the rustic porch, his head between his hands, a victim of either deep dejection or meditation. He started up confusedly, stammered, and turned dead white.

"How's the grandfather?" inquired Morton.

"Very much better," answered Paul. "The fever is gone, and the doctor says he will be well and about soon if he keeps mind and body quiet."

"He won't do neither if he realizes it's Decoration Day," declared Silas.

"He mustn't realize it, then—in fact, we have fixed the calendar several days out."

"Strange procession—without him in the ranks!" grumbled Morton. "I won't see him, then, till it's over—might blurt out the truth, for I'm naturally full of the occasion. That's why I run down. I was thinking, Paul; my old blue suit is pretty shabby. John and I are about a size. He wouldn't object, if he knew—would you, if I wore his to-morrow?"

"Surely not," answered Paul quickly. "I'll get it for you at once."

Paul knew just where to find the suit, for he had put it away himself the last time his grandfather had worn it. That was two weeks before. The old man had gone to a G. A. R. meeting, had returned with a sore throat, and the next day was laid low with fever.

Paul sighed as he thought of that night in question, so much had depended on it, and out of it had come only silence, disappointment and suffering. Over in a corner was Paul's trunk, packed. He was going to leave Colesville as soon as his relative was better—and for a great, sorrowful reason.

"Why haven't you been down to see us?" inquired Morton, as Paul handed him the parcel. "Been a pretty steady nurse, though, I reckon, for you look peaked. Come soon—Madge has missed you."

"How is Madge?" inquired Paul, chokingly.

"Oh! same as usual—she's going to the grove to-morrow."

Paul's face fell gloomier than ever, as Morton went, and soon he had resumed his old dejected position on the porch.

Memorial day dawned clear and warm, but all Paul saw of it was the passing groups; all he heard of it was the dim echo of drum and trumpet.

His grandfather slept peacefully, and after noon, a neighbor coming in insisted on Paul taking a respite. He wandered about aimlessly, thinking constantly of Madge, and finally reached the edge of the grove.

Paul skirted the precincts of the high platform where speaking was in progress. There he saw old Silas, and, near by a team hitched to a light wagon. Madge was in the rear seat. From a shield of bushes Paul watched her fervently. He fancied her face looked sad and preoccupied.

The last speech was followed by a song, this by a prayer. Then the chairman lifted his hand, and in signal, in the distance, yet thunderous, a cannon made the echo ring.

A shriek, a crash, loud calls of alarm, and, mad with terror, Silas Morton's mettled team tore towards the steep downhill road.

In a flash Paul saw what had happened. Madge, driven from her seat, had struck the floor of the vehicle, and lay, insensible. The reins dragged. As Paul darted away, with a shout Morton cleared the platform. Paul reached the runaways, flew at their heads, clung there, dragged and swung, as they neared the terrific decline where a plunge meant death. Morton gained the road, seized the trailing lines, was dragged flat, but his iron fists sawed at the sinewy leather strips.

As Morton gained the wagon seat, Paul sprang into the box. Madge had sustained a bruise on the forehead and was stunned. Some one brought cold water—she revived slightly, and lay in Paul's arms, while Morton anxiously drove homewards.

Paul carried Madge into the parlor of the farmhouse, placed her on a couch, and left her to the care of her grandmother. As he went out and sat on the doorstep, he was shaking like a leaf. The emotions of the past hour had been a vivid strain. Suddenly a light step preceded a timid touch on the shoulder. Looking up, he thrilled to the grateful glance of the fair girl whose life he had saved.

He could say nothing, as she sat down beside him, telling him brokenly what she felt she owed to his unselfish bravery. Then there was an interruption. In his shirt sleeves, storming ferociously, old Silas came up.

"See here!" he cried, extending the coat he had worn that day. "I'd rather have lost the team than that happen!"

In rushing to Madge's rescue he had slit one sleeve entire of the borrowed garment.

"Don't let that worry you, Mr. Morton," said Paul.

"It does worry me. I've spoiled my old friend's regimentals!"

"Why," assured Madge gently, "I think I can sew it up so it won't show much."

She took the coat, nodding encouragingly to Morton as he walked off, and, as she turned over the garment, from an inside pocket a sealed letter fell out.

"Why!" she exclaimed in surprise, "it is addressed to me."

Paul gave a gasp. Was it possible? His handwriting, "the" letter!

Yes, there it was; the missive settling his destiny, which he had asked his grandfather to hand to Madge two weeks previous.

And the old veteran had forgotten all about it, and fever had intervened, and now it had magically come to light, and Paul had misjudged Madge, and believed her indifferent.

"I wonder who wrote it?" she murmured.

"I wrote it," answered Paul, boldly.

Their eyes met—hers sparkled, fell. She blushed divinely—understood!

"Shall—shall I read it?" she stammered, with downcast glance, and trembling—for joy.

"No. Let me tell you what it says," whispered Paul, and drew her unresistingly to his side.

The holy stars of Memorial Night, looking down upon those two, hallowed a love that had found brightness and peace ineffable.

Famous Decoration Day Sentiments.

When the war was over, in the South, where, under warmer skies and with more poetic temperaments, symbols and emblems are better understood than in the practical North, the widows, mothers and children of the Confederate dead went out and strewed their graves with flowers; at many places the women scattered them impartially also over the unknown and unmarked resting places of the Union soldiers. As the news of this touching tribute flashed over the North, it roused, as nothing else could have done, national amity and love, and allayed sectional animosity and passion. It thrilled every household where there was a vacant chair by the fireside and an aching void in the heart for a lost hero whose remains had never been found; old wounds broke out afresh, and in a mingled tempest of grief and joy the family cried, "Maybe it was our darling." Thus out of sorrows, common alike to the North and the South, came this beautiful custom. But Decoration Day no longer belongs to those who mourn. It is the common privilege of us all, and will be celebrated as long as gratitude exists and flowers bloom.—Chauncey M. Depew.

Ah, sir, there are times in the history of men and nations when they stand so near the veil that separates mortals from immortals, time from eternity, and men from their God, that they can almost hear the breathing and feel the pulsations of the heart of the Infinite. Through such a time has this nation gone, and when two hundred and fifty thousand brave spirits passed from the field of honor through that thin veil to the presence of God, and when at last its parting folds admitted the martyred President to the company of the dead heroes of the republic, the nation stood so near the veil that the whispers of God were heard by the children of men. —James A. Garfield.

This day is sacred to the great heroic host who kept this flag above our heads, sacred to the living and the dead, sacred to the scarred and maimed, sacred to the wives who gave their husbands, to the mothers who gave their sons. Here in this peaceful land of ours, here where the sun shines, where the flowers grow, where children play, millions of armed men battled for the right and breasted on a thousand fields the iron storm of war. These brave, these incomparable men, founded the first republic, they fulfilled the prophecies, they brought to pass the dreams, realized the hopes that all the great and good and wise and just have made, and had since man was man. But what of those who fell? There is no language to express the debt we owe, the love we bear to all the dead who died for us. Words are but barren sounds. We can but stand beside their graves, and in the hush and silence feel what speech has never told. They fought, they died, and for the first time since man has kept a record of events, the heavens bent above and domed a land without a serf, a servant or a slave.—Robert G. Ingersoll.

The Seventh Michigan's Exploit.

The success of the brilliant move across the river at Fredericksburg makes a bright page in the annals of the Seventh Michigan infantry. Confederate sharpshooters lined the opposite bank and impeded the work of laying pontoon bridges, which had finally been abandoned. A call was made for volunteers to cross and drive the enemy out. Soldiers of the Seventh seized some empty pontoons, rowed rapidly across, jumped ashore and drove the Confederates from the rifle pits and from the houses. Two Massachusetts regiments followed, and aided them in holding the position.

MEMORIAL DAY AND SENTIMENT.



It is to the South, the land of flowers and fragrance and chivalry and beautiful women, that the North owes the fine idea of decorating the graves of soldier-dead with flowers, setting apart one day each springtime for the ceremony.

The custom spread to the North, and was universally observed, even before it was established as a national institution.

By a general order issued by General John A. Logan, Commander-in-Chief of the Grand Army of the Republic, May 5, 1868, May 30 was fixed as Memorial Day for that year in all States and Territories and the District of Columbia, except Alabama, Florida, Georgia, Idaho, Louisiana, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina and Texas. These States fixed their own dates for Memorial Day. It is observed earlier in the South than in the North, the date for several of them being April 26. Although there has never been any Federal legislation touching Memorial Day, many of the States have made it a holiday, and both houses at Washington, whenever in session, always adjourn on May 30, in respect to the dead.

It is a beautiful custom, founded entirely on sentiment. Respect for the dead means nothing only as it influences the living. Memorial Day knows nothing of strife, of wrong, of ill deeds, of small natures, of selfishness. It says: Men were brave to the extent of dying for what they believed to be principle. They endured hardship, privation—they suffered much—and all for the cause in which they believed.

There is no sectional line in bravery. There never has been. We honor courage and devotion, and ask not under what flag heroism was proven. We place flowers on grassy mounds, and pray that the generation that has grown up since the great struggle has all of the fire and courage and virtue of those who have gone. We hope that future generations will find so much to admire in the deeds of those now living, that in the years that are to come we will be remembered, even as are those of the silent army of the great war.—St. Louis Chronicle.

QUEER STORIES

In the fortified rock of Gibraltar there are 62 miles of tunnels. They are stocked with an ample supply of arms, ammunition and provisions, in readiness for a siege.

There was some trouble over the dividing line between the towns of New Hartford and Harwinton in Connecticut until the original survey of the towns laid out in 1720 by the proprietors, who were taxpayers of Hartford, was found, and this record will be used in making a new survey.

After 10 years incessant labor, Mrs. Lizzie Hoffman of Anthony has finished what is probably the oddest bedquilt in the country. It is a patch quilt made of 14,000 pieces of silk of all kinds and colors, and every piece of silk came from a different bride's hat. During 10 years Mrs. Hoffman has been collecting these pieces.

A remarkable industry of Paraguay is the preparation of essence of orange leaves. More than 150 years ago the Jesuit priests, who then ruled that secluded country, imported orange seeds and planted groves, which have now become immense forests, filled with small establishments for extracting the essence, which is exported to France and the United States for use in soap and perfumery making. It is also employed by the natives in Paraguay as a healing ointment and a hair tonic.

Every engineer is now familiar with the fact that in all modern works of any size the making and repairing of tools is managed by a special department of the works. The "good old days," when a gang of men would stand in line, waiting for their turn at the grindstone, have gone by. In a modern shop, when a tool needs grinding it is sent to the tool department and another one, all ready for use, is obtained at once. It is easy to see how much more economical such a method is, for the preparation of tools is kept in the hands of people who are doing nothing else, and who are necessarily much more expert than the general workman would be, while the latter does not waste time in waiting for a turn at the grindstone.

FATHER CRONIN, LONG A CATHOLIC EDITOR.

The Rev. Patrick L. Cronin is regarded, in point of service, as being the oldest editor of a Catholic newspaper in the United States. This venerable newspaper man and priest is editor of the Catholic Union and Times of Buffalo, N. Y., and has recently completed thirty years of service on that paper.

In addition to his ability to wield a trenchant pen in his editorial work,



FATHER CRONIN.

Father Cronin has written verse which has won him a reputation. He is also a powerful orator and among scholars is recognized as a man of great literary attainments. Despite his years, Father Cronin shows a marked capacity for work and besides his editorial duties, on which he spends several hours a day, he has charge of a large parish at Tonowanda, N. Y.

Nearly all of the many priests who exercised the sacred ministry at the time Father Cronin assumed his present editoral position have passed away. In every case the venerable priest penned their obituaries.

A Vegetable Chair.

One of the most wonderful pieces of furniture in the world is a vegetable chair, which came from Korea, and has grown from a single seed, planted twenty-six years ago. The seed was that of a gingko tree. In fertile soil and amid sunshine and rain the seed grew into a vine, when the native gardener set about to fashion by ingenious twistings, compressions and trainings into an arm chair.

Much pruning was necessary in order to make the lower branches develop in size and strength. The chair was carefully formed by tying the young and pliable branches together with strong fiber ropes, and as the tree expanded the ropes held firm.

The chair weighs more than 100 pounds, and is even harder, sturdier and more imperishable than oak. It is three feet four inches in height, and twenty-five inches in width, and some of the knots which formed between the binding ropes are twenty-two inches in circumference. The bark has been removed, and the surface, which is golden brown in color, has taken a fine polish, and in spite of its look of lumpy antagonism it is quite as comfortable as the conventional factory made chair.

As a rule, when we write anything nice about a man, he says: "What did you go and stick it in the paper for?"

For Japanese Soldiers.

Rice and dried fish is the uniform food of the Japanese army in campaigning times. This is the way in which the rice is cooked. It is boiled until quite thick and glutinous. Next it is placed on a ceramic slab, rolled out, and cut into squares. The squares are then placed in the sun to dry and often turned. When hard as sea biscuit and greatly reduced in weight, they can be stored.

A certain number are allowed each day to the soldier. All he has to do is to break up a square in boiling water and to add the dried fish. In a few minutes he has what seems to him a delicious thick soup. If he cannot procure boiling water he simply eats his rice cake dry. In the fruit season he substitutes fruit, when he can obtain it, for the fish.

An Ohio Notary.

Salineville, O., May 23.—Mr. John W. Manning, Notary Public for Columbiana County and one of the most respected men of the State, has caused to be published the following letter:

"About one year ago I was suffering terribly from Kidney Trouble. I saw an advertisement of a medicine called Dodd's Kidney Pills and sent for two boxes.

"In the meantime I suffered awfully and as soon as I got the Pills I began taking them according to directions and got almost immediate relief, and I have this further to say, that after using the two boxes I have never been troubled with my Kidneys since.

"I have recommended Dodd's Kidney Pills to others who have tried them and everyone who used them has been cured. I think they are a great remedy and all that is claimed for them."

Mr. Manning's letter is a strong recommendation for Dodd's Kidney Pills and is worth the attention of all who suffer with Kidney troubles.

The Truth Comes Out.

"I say, Adam," remarked Darwin, as they met on the golden sidewalk one morning, "how about that pet hobby of mine; did the original man really have a tail?"

"Sure he did," replied Adam, "but not the kind you alluded to in trying to make a monkey of yourself. It was just an ordinary, every-day tale of woe. See?"

Catarrh Cannot Be Cured

with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years, and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing Catarrh. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, price 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Ample Grounds.

"I suppose you know," remarked De Auber, "that I am firmly wedded to my art?"

"Yes," replied Criticus, "but art could easily get a divorce on the ground of incompatibility."

Pictures Produced by the Voice.

The vibration of the singing voice in perfect health will produce, through an apparatus known as the idiophone, pictures of flowers in various colors. Dr. Haydon states that the instrument employed to secure these results is a porcelain cylinder, measuring six inches in length, with a diameter of five inches closed, at one end. In the wall of the cylinder two holes are made on oposite sides, and into each hole a long tube is inserted, provided with a mouthpiece like a speaking tube. Over the open end of the cylinder a membrane of great delicacy is placed, and this is covered with moss plant dust, the under surface of the membrane having been previously coated with a layer of gelatine. On this gelatine various paints of the primary and secondary colors are dusted in the form of fine powder. In producing the results referred to, the vocalist must sing into one of the tubes, the other being left open; the voice is therefore contained for a time in the cylinder, and the vibrations, during its transit, have been found to cause the various colors to pass through the gelatine and form the most extraordinary and beautiful pictures of flowers, which can be seen on the exposed surface of the membrane.

WHAT THE KING EATS.

What's Fit for Him.

A Masachusetts lady who has been through the mill with the trials of the usual housekeeper and mother relates an interesting incident that occurred not long ago. She says:

"I can with all truthfulness say that Grape-Nuts is the most beneficial of all cereal foods in my family, young as well as old. It is food and medicine both to us. A few mornings ago at breakfast my little boy said:

"'Mamma, does the King eat Grape-Nuts every morning?'

"I smiled and told him I did not know, but that I thought Grape-Nuts certainly made a delicious dish, fit for a King." (It's a fact that the King of England and the German Emperor both eat Grape-Nuts).

"I find that by the constant use of Grape-Nuts not only as a morning cereal, but also in puddings, salads, etc., made after the delicious recipes found in the little book in each package it is proving to be a great nerve food for me, besides having completely cured a long standing case of indigestion." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

There is no doubt Grape-Nuts is the most scientific food in the world.

Ten days' trial of this proper food in place of improper food will show in steady, stronger nerves, sharper brain and the power to "go" longer and further and accomplish more. There's a reason.

Look in each pkg. for the famous little book, "The Road to Wellville."

Having a Pic-nic.

There is something particularly enjoyable about going to a picnic. The very word Pic-Nic brings pleasant anticipations of a good time. The idea of going out to the woods and fields or down by some brook or lake, with luncheon to be served on the grass and under the trees, has a peculiar fascination. The fresh air and exercise contribute to give a hearty appetite to all and everything at luncheon seems far better than the finest course dinner that a French chef ever served. Wooden dishes supplant Dresden chinn, and paper boxes silver trays, when the "good things to eat" are spread upon the ground.

Pic-Nics are never complete without the sandwiches, sweet white bread with a generous layer of meat between. Libby's canned meats are ideal for pic-nics and outings. The cans are so easily opened and the contents so fresh and palatable that no pic-nic is a success without Libby's "Natural Flavor" Food Products.

Free to Twenty-five Ladies.

The Defiance Starch Co. will give 25 ladies a round trip ticket to the St. Louis Exposition, to five ladies in each of the following States: Illinois, Iowa, Nebraska, Kansas and Missouri, who will send in the largest number of trade marks cut from a ten-cent, 16-ounce package of Defiance cold water laundry starch. This means from your own home, anywhere in the above named States. These trade marks must be mailed to and received by the Defiance Starch Co., Omaha, Neb., before Sept. 1, 1904. October and November will be the best months to visit the exposition. Remember that Defiance is the only starch put up 16 oz. (a full pound) to the package. You get one-third more starch for the same money than of any other kind, and Defiance never sticks to the iron. The tickets to the exposition will be sent by registered mail Sept. 5. Starch for sale by all dealers.

Indications.

Buggins—I see some genius has invented revolving rubber heels for shoes.

Juggson—Ah! Another revolutionary movement on foot, eh?

Overheard on the Pike.

Mr. Easy—Why should people visiting The Exposition at night use more Allen's Foot-Ease than in daytime?

Miss Foote—Because under the brilliant illumination of the grounds every foot becomes an acre!

Mr. Easy—Fair, Only fair! Pray, conduct me to the nearest drug store and I promise never to accept a substitute for you or for Allen's Foot-Ease. * *

FOOT NOTE.—The twain will be made one in June.

Several species of ants keep cows, the aphis answering the purpose, and milk them at regular intervals.

We are never without a bottle of Piso's Cure for Consumption in our house.—Mrs. E. M. Swayze, Wakita, Okla., April 17, 1901.

Senegal exports annually about 120,000 tons of peanuts.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething; softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25 cents a bottle.



Straighten Up

The main muscular supports of body weaken and let go under

Backache

or Lumbago. To restore, strengthen and straighten up, use

St. Jacobs Oil

Price 25c. and 50c.

DO YOU COUGH
DON'T DELAY
TAKE KEMP'S BALSAM
THE BEST COUGH CURE

It Cures Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Croup, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis and Asthma. A certain cure for Consumption in first stages, and a sure relief in advanced stages. Use at once. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Sold by dealers everywhere. Large bottles 25 cents and 50 cents.

$500 Given Away

Write us or ask an Alabastine dealer for particulars and free sample card of

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The Sanitary Wall Coating

Destroys disease germs and vermin. Never rubs or scales. You can apply it—mix with cold water. Beautiful effects in white and delicate tints. Not a disease-breeding, out-of-date, hot-water glue preparation. Buy Alabastine in 5 lb. packages, properly labelled, of paint, hardware and drug dealers. "Hints on Decorating," and our Artists' ideas free. ALABASTINE CO., Grand Rapids, Mich., or 105 Water St., N. Y.

MONEY SENT TO FIRST LADY, from each town, applying for agency of Photo Pillow Tops. Photo Pillow Co., Detroit, Mich. Stamp for reply

B. N. U. No. 22—1904

PISO'S CURE FOR
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION
25 CTS 25 CTS



A prominent club woman, Mrs. Danforth, of St. Joseph, Mich., tells how she was cured of falling of the womb and its accompanying pains and misery by

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Life looks dark indeed when a woman feels that her strength is fading away and she has no hopes of ever being restored. Such was my feeling a few months ago when I was advised that my poor health was caused by prolapsus or **falling of the womb.** The words sounded like a knell to me, I felt that my sun had set; but **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** came to me as an elixir of life; it restored the lost forces and built me up until my good health returned to me. For four months I took the medicine daily and each dose added health and strength. I am so thankful for the help I obtained through its use."—MRS. FLORENCE DANFORTH, 1007 Miles Ave., St. Joseph, Mich.

A medicine that has restored so many women to health and can produce proof of the fact must be regarded with respect. This is the record of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, which cannot be equalled by any other medicine the world has ever produced. Here is another case:—



"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—For years I was troubled with falling of the womb, irregular and painful menstruation, leucorrhœa, bearing-down pains, backache, headache, dizzy and fainting spells, and stomach trouble.

"I doctored for about five years but did not seem to improve. I began the use of your medicine, and have taken seven bottles of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound,** three of Blood Purifier, and also used the Sanative Wash and Liver Pills, and am now enjoying good health, and have gained in flesh. I thank you very much for what you have done for me, and heartily recommend your medicine to all suffering women."—MISS EMMA SNYDER, 218 East Center St., Marion, Ohio.

"FREE MEDICAL ADVICE TO WOMEN."

Women would save time and much sickness if they would write to Mrs. Pinkham for advice as soon as any distressing symptoms appear. It is free, and has put thousands of women on the right road to recovery.

Mrs. Pinkham never violates the confidence thus entrusted to her, and although she publishes thousands of testimonials from women who have been benefited by her advice and medicine, never in all her experience has she published such a letter without the full consent, and often by special request of the writer.

$5000 FORFEIT if we cannot forthwith produce the original letters and signatures of above testimonials, which will prove their absolute genuineness.
Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.



Libby's Luncheons

Libby's Natural Flavor Foods are U. S. Government Inspected, perfectly packed canned foods, and are ready to serve at a moment's notice.

Veal Loaf, Vienna Sausage, Ham Loaf, Boneless Chicken, Ox Tongues Are Among the Many Tempting Luncheon Meats. Ask Your Grocer For Them.

Send for our booklet "How to Make Good Things to Eat."

Libby, McNeill & Libby, Chicago

THE MAN BEHIND THE GUN

Is our name for the patent Separating Grate and Check Plate in the famous **RED RIVER SPECIAL THRESHER.**

It has the **Big Cylinder,** with lots of concave and open grate service.

It has the **Man Behind the Gun,** that does most of the separating right at the cylinder.

Besides these, it has all the separating capacity of other machines.

The average old-style small cylinder thresher wastes enough grain and time to pay your thresh bill.

Why not save the grain ordinarily put into the straw stack? Why not save the time which the ordinary threshing outfit wastes for you.

This can be done by employing the **RED RIVER SPECIAL.**

It runs right along, saving your grain and saving time, regardless of conditions.

As the modern self-binder is ahead of the old reaper of forty years ago, so is the **Big Cylinder** and **Man Behind the Gun** ahead of the small cylinder old style thresher.

The old-style thresher with its small cylinder and limited separating capacity, has stood for years without much improvement.

The **RED RIVER SPECIAL** is the crowning improvement in threshing machinery.

It is built for modern, up-to-date work; to thresh well; to thresh fast; to save time and grain and money for the thresherman and farmer. It does it. There are reasons why. Send for our new book on threshing, it gives them and it is free.

The **RED RIVER SPECIAL** is the only machine that has the **Man Behind the Gun,** and it will save enough extra grain and time to pay your thresh bill.

NICHOLS & SHEPARD CO.,
Builders of Threshers and Engines. Battle Creek, Mich.
50 YEARS IN BUSINESS. BRANCH HOUSES AND AGENTS EVERYWHERE.

OPENING INDIAN LANDS.

Nearly 2,000,000 Acres to Be Made Available for Settlement.

Four of the greatest lotteries that the American people have ever participated in will be conducted this summer in the Western States. They will be conducted under the auspices of the United States government, and the seekers for prizes will be the people to take up homesteads in the Western States.

These lotteries will be memorable events and will eclipse the great lottery in Oklahoma, three years ago, when 13,000 quarter sections of land were dangled as a prize before more than 300,000 anxious applicants.

During the last session of Congress bills were passed providing for the opening up to public settlement of four Indian reservations. One of these reservations is in Montana. One million one hundred thousand acres of land, rich within its boundaries, are to be thrown open to public settlement. The prize winners must pay the Federal government $1.25 per acre. In this reservation a homesteader may acquire 640 acres. The opening will take place in August.

The other tracts to be opened are the Rosebud reservation, in South Dakota, the Devil's Lake reservation, in North Dakota, and the Red Lake reservation, in Minnesota. These are attracting particular attention at this time. Only 104,416 acres of land in the Devil's Lake reservation in North Dakota are to be opened to settlement. This land is very rich and has for many years attracted the attention of western people who are anxious to acquire possession. The successful applicants must pay the government $4.50 per acre for the land if they settle upon it. If any of it remains untaken for a period of six months then the President may, in his discretion, reduce the price to such a figure as will permit the sale of the entire tract. The opening of this reservation is set for July.

A little more than 416,000 acres of land in the Rosebud reservation in South Dakota will likewise be thrown open about the same time at $3 per acre. There will be a great rush when the time comes for opening the reservation. The successful contestants will be asked by the government to pay $4 per acre for each quarter section taken up.

The Red Lake reservation in Minnesota holds out to the public a little more than 400,000 acres of rich land.

NEW RED CROSS PRESIDENT.

Miss Clara Barton Resigns and Is Succeeded by Mrs. John A. Logan.

Miss Clara Barton Saturday resigned the presidency of the American Red Cross and was succeeded by Mrs. Gen. John A. Logan, who, heretofore, has occupied the office of vice president of the association. Mrs. Logan, in assuming the new duties, said she did so "with charity for all and malice toward none."

The ceremony occurred at Mrs. Logan's residence in Washington and was participated in by Miss Barton, Mrs. Logan and members of the executive committee of the Red Cross. Miss Barton's letter of resignation was a partial review of the work of the organization.

Mrs. Logan, as vice president, in succeeding to the duties of the chief position, said:

"In assuming the duties of acting president of the American National Red Cross I do so with misgivings as to the possibility of satisfying every one. However, desiring to do all I can to allay the present excitement, in connection with the organization I have consented to try to fill the position 'with charity for all and malice toward none.'"

Miss Barton left with Mrs. Logan a number of suggestions bearing upon the conduct of the society, and Mrs. Logan suggested that a meeting be called for Sept. 6 next for the consideration of this memorandum.

ST. LOUIS FAIR ATTENDANCE.

Second Week Shows Increase, but Not as Great as at Chicago.

The total attendance at the St. Louis world's fair for the second week showed an increase of over 50,000 over the total attendance for the opening week. The following official statement of the total attendance for the second week, and the attendance for the same period during the Columbian exposition, was given out the other night:

	St. Louis.	Chicago.
Eighth day	*4,072	86,689
Ninth day	23,434	28,453
Tenth day	30,107	32,153
Eleventh day	20,678	25,201
Twelfth day	20,212	30,929
Thirteenth day	23,808	62,009
Fourteenth day	46,070	*5,029
Totals	188,471	220,614

*Sunday.

The totals show a larger attendance for the second week of the Columbian exposition, but it is taken into consideration that no excursions have yet been run to bring visitors and the attendance at present is largely local.



If the trust problem ever is solved the politicians will find things mighty lonesome.

The best way for the Baltic fleet to keep out of trouble is to keep out of the Orient.

The national campaign is likely to work serious interference with the Chautauqua business.

After looking at portraits of both Alexieff and Skrydloff we positively decline to side with either as against the other.

Presidential year is when the politicians try to run in the yellow dogs on the strength developed by the great man at the head of the ballot.

Admiral Skrydloff is to do as he pleases with the Port Arthur squadron. We would advise him to take it back in the country somewhere and put it in a cyclone cellar.

There is a crazy farmer over in Michigan who thinks he is a candidate for President. The difference between him and some of the others is that the others are not farmers.

Word comes from Mexico that President Diaz is a candidate for re-election. We predict that the other fellow, if there happens to be one, will not know he has been running.

SOCIETY WRECKED HER LIFE.



Tired, Nervous, Aching, Trembling, Sleepless, Bloodless.

Pe-ru-na, Renovates, Regulates, Restores.

A Pretty New York Woman's Recovery the Talk of Her Numerous Friends.

Mrs. J. E. Finn, 83 East High street, Buffalo, N. Y., writes: Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, Ohio.

Gentlemen:—"A few years ago I had to give up social life entirely, as my health was completely broken down. The doctor advised a complete rest for a year. As this was out of the question for a time, I began to look for some other means of restoring my health.

"I had often heard of Peruna as an excellent tonic, so I bought a bottle to see what it would do for me, and it certainly took hold of my system and rejuvenated me, and in less than two months I was in perfect health, and now when I feel worn out or tired a dose or two of Peruna is all that I need."—Mrs. J. E. Finn.

Mrs. J. W. Reynolds, Elkton, Ohio, writes:

"I owe my health and life to Peruna. We rarely call in a physician, in fact it has been years since I have taken any other medicine than yours. I am afraid of drugs, and although I have been sick many times I have taken only your medicines. They are wonderful indeed. We have a very large house and entertain a great deal, and I do all my own work, thanks to Peruna."—Mrs. J. W. Reynolds.

In Society.

A woman in society is obliged to keep late hours. She must attend receptions and balls. She seldom allows herself a quiet evening at home. Her whole time is taken up in keeping engagements or entertaining in her own home.

Her system becomes completely run down as a consequence. She soon finds herself in a condition known as systemic catarrh. This has also been called catarrhal nervousness.

If every society woman could know the value of Peruna at such a time, if they could realize the invigorating, strengthening effect that Peruna would have, how much misery could be avoided.

Letters from society women all over the United States testify to the fact that Peruna is the tonic for a run down, depleted nervous system.

Free Treatment for Women.

Any woman wishing to be placed on the list of Dr. Hartman's patients for free home treatment and advice should immediately send name and symptoms, duration of disease and treatment already tried. Directions for the first month's treatment will be promptly mailed free of charge. No free medicine will be supplied by the doctor, but all necessary directions will be furnished.

Read what the above ladies have to say of Peruna as a cure for these cases.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

Sale Ten Million Boxes a Year.

THE FAMILY'S FAVORITE MEDICINE

Cascarets

CANDY CATHARTIC

10c, 25c, 50c. THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP All Druggists

BEST FOR THE BOWELS

A Guide to the Height of Heels.

There are four different heights, with as many different names, of the military heel alone. As a guide to those who want to be right on the subject of heels, remember the following: Up to one and one-quarter inches a heel is a military, up to one one and five-eighths it is a Cuban, above that it is a Spanish heel. When it goes above two inches it is a Cantillian. The French heels range from one and one-quarter to two inches usually—and are called Louis XV. The Du Barry heel runs from two inches—and quite a few women wear it.—Shoe Retailer.

Tired, Suffering Women.



Women run down and endure daily tortures through neglecting the kidneys. Kidney backache makes housework a burden; rest is impossible; sleep fitful; appetite gives out and you are tired all the time. Can't be well until the kidneys are well. Use Doan's Kidney Pills, which have restored thousands of suffering women to health and vigor.

Mrs. William Wallace, of 18 Capitol street, Concord, N. H., says: "I was in the early stages of Bright's Disease, and were it not for Doan's Kidney Pills I would not be living to-day. Pain in the back was so intense that at night I had to get out of bed until the paroxysm of pain passed away. I was languid and tired and hadn't the strength to lift a kettle of water. I could not work, but a few doses of Doan's Kidney Pills relieved me, and two boxes absolutely cured me."

A FREE TRIAL of this great kidney medicine which cured Mrs. Wallace will be mailed to any part of the United States. Address Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. Sold by all dealers. Price 50 cents per box.

He Pays the Freight.

Husband—That is an exceptionally pretty hat you have on, my dear.

Wife—I'm so glad you like it, John. I bought it on your account.

Husband—Oh, of course. You always do.

Ask Your Dealer for Allen's Foot Ease.

A powder to shake into your shoes. It rests the feet. Cures Corns, Bunions, Swollen, Sore, Hot, Callous, Aching, Sweating feet and Ingrowing Nails. Allen's Foot-Ease makes new or tight shoes easy. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores, 25c. Sample mailed FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

A scheme for the establishment of a permanent wireless service between Sweden and Germany is near realization.

A SKIN OF BEAUTY IS A JOY FOREVER.

DR. T. FELIX GOURAUD'S ORIENTAL CREAM, OR MAGICAL BEAUTIFIER



Removes Tan, Pimples, Freckles, Moth Patches, Rash, and Skin diseases, and every blemish on beauty, and defies detection. It has stood the test of 66 years, and is so harmless we taste it to be sure it is properly made. Accept no counterfeit of similar name. Dr. L. A. Sayre said to a lady of the hauton (a patient): "As you ladies will use them, I recommend 'Gouraud's Cream' as the least harmful of all the skin preparations." For sale by all Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers in the U. S., Canadas, and Europe.
FERD. T. HOPKINS, Prop'r, 37 Great Jones St., N. Y.



THE STORK ADJUSTABLE OPENER AND CUTTER
Opens any Can, Fruit Jar or Pickle Bottle—whether lid be soldered, pressed or screwed on. May be adjusted to cut any size—1¼ inches to 7 inches. Invaluable in Home or Store. Sample, 25c postpaid. Good, hustling agents write for terms and territory.
Stork Novelty Co. Dayton, O.
34 Webster St.

LADIES send 10c in stamps or coin, at our risk, and we will send you postpaid a full size package of our celebrated
MANHATTAN BLUEING POWDER
enough for 100 washings. The only wash blue that absolutely dissolves leaving no sediment, and positively does not spot or streak the clothes, but leaves them snow white, contains no chemicals and will not injure the most delicate fabrics. Money cheerfully refunded if not entirely satisfactory. The newest and best blue, requires no rubbing. Send for a can at once and see the difference.—MANHATTAN BLUEING CO., 505 Lenox Ave., New York City.

LEWIS' SINGLE BINDER THE BEST QUALITY STRAIGHT 5¢ CIGAR ALWAYS RELIABLE
Your jobber or direct from Factory, Peoria, Ill.

I TELL YOUR FORTUNE FREE in love, business, marriage, future, with pen picture of your life; send date of birth with 5 2-cent stamps to cover postage, etc. Address Dept. 113, PROF. LAZARRO, Bridgeport, Connecticut.

RHEUMATISM CURED or no Charge. Send address today, we will mail treatment. If relieved send one dollar, if not, don't pay. MAGNETIC DIAMOND CO., 86 Fifth Ave., Chicago, Ill.

WHY PAY $5 to $25 to Learn Hypnotism? My complete eight lesson course for 50 CENTS will teach you how to become a thorough Hypnotist. Hy. graduate holding diploma Sydney Hypnotic Institute. Address AUSTRAL, Mayer, Arizona.

A GENUINE Hot Springs **DIAMOND** Guaranteed to hold brilliancy three years. Small, medium or large gem or stud. One only to address of 25 Cents. VALLEY DIAMOND CO., Box 818, Hot Springs, Ark.

WATCH FOR LADY OR GENTLEMAN ABSOLUTELY **FREE!** for a few hours of your time. Write today for particulars to NATIONAL SUPPLY CO., 172 E. 22th Street, Chicago, Illinois.

HASH & HASH We Buy, Sell and Trade houses, lands, factories and anything that looks like real estate. We have 5,000 Exchange Propositions. Write us. MANSFIELD, ILLINOIS.

FOR SALE Best Confectionery Store in city trade for good clear income property. Large wholesale cream business. C. M. BRIDGES, Urbana, Illinois.

HAVE Your Weather Forecast at Home. Our Barometer tells correctly; lasts a lifetime. Price 10 cents. WILSON MFG. CO., Dallas, Texas.

FOR A Safe and Profitable Investment that will pay dividends and double in value write at once to H. E. HOPKINS, BOISE, IDAHO.

WE HAVE A CASH BUYER For Your FARM Write at once. H. J. Spurway & Co., Hoopeston, Illinois.

BUY A HOME in Sunny California: Orange and Vine lands; improved Vineyards for sale on easy terms. Address, J. M. Cellier, Fresno, California.

FOR WOMEN

Especially Mothers

The Sanative, Antiseptic, Cleansing, Purifying, and Beautifying Properties of

Cuticura SOAP

Assisted by CUTICURA Ointment, the great Skin Cure, are of Priceless Value.

For preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales, and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening, and soothing red, rough, and sore hands, for baby rashes and chafings, in the form of baths for annoying irritations, ulcerations, and inflammations of women, and many sanative, antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves, as well as for all purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery, CUTICURA Soap and CUTICURA Ointment are priceless.

Sold throughout the world. Cuticura Soap, 25c., Ointment, 50c., Resolvent, 50c. (in form of Chocolate Coated Pills, 25c. per vial of 60). Depots: London, 27 Charterhouse Sq.; Paris, 5 Rue de la Paix; Boston, 137 Columbus Ave. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Proprietors.
Send for "How to Preserve, Purify, and Beautify."

FREE to WOMEN

A Large Trial Box and book of instructions absolutely Free and Postpaid, enough to prove the value of

Paxtine Toilet Antiseptic



Paxtine is in powder form to dissolve in water—non-poisonous and far superior to liquid antiseptics containing alcohol which irritates inflamed surfaces, and have no cleansing properties. The contents of every box makes more Antiseptic Solution—lasts longer—goes further—has more uses in the family and does more good than any antiseptic preparation you can buy.

The formula of a noted Boston physician, and used with great success as a Vaginal Wash, for Leucorrhœa, Pelvic Catarrh, Nasal Catarrh, Sore Throat, Sore Eyes, Cuts, and all soreness of mucus membrane.

In local treatment of female ills Paxtine is invaluable. Used as a Vaginal Wash we challenge the world to produce its equal for thoroughness. It is a revolution in cleansing and healing power; it kills all germs which cause inflammation and discharges.

All leading druggists keep Paxtine; price, 50c. a box; if yours does not, send to us for it. Don't take a substitute—there is nothing like Paxtine.

Write for the Free Box of Paxtine to-day.
R. PAXTON CO., 6 Pope Bldg., Boston, Mass.

The FREE Homestead Lands of WESTERN CANADA

FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

are the Star Attractions for 1904



Millions of acres of magnificent Grain and Grazing Lands to be had as a free gift, or by purchase from Railway Companies, Land Corporations, etc.

The Great Attractions

Good Crops, delightful climate, splendid school system, perfect social conditions, exceptional railway advantages, and wealth and influence acquired easily.

The population of WESTERN CANADA increased 184,000 by immigration during the past year, over 50,000 being Americans.

Write to the nearest authorized Canadian Government Agent for Canadian Atlas and other information, or address SUPERINTENDENT OF IMMIGRATION, OTTAWA, CANADA.

C. J. Broughton, 220 Quincy Bldg., Chicago, Ill.



Ripans Tabules are the best dyspepsia medicine ever made. A hundred millions of them have been sold in the United States in a single year. Constipation, heartburn, sick headache, dizziness, bad breath, sore throat and every other illness arising from a disordered stomach are relieved or cured by Ripans Tabules. One will generally give relief within twenty minutes. The five-cent package is enough for ordinary occasions. All druggists sell them.

A Mother's Jewels

consist of numerous and healthy offspring. Those who are not blessed should write at once and in full confidence to SPRING PHARMACEUTICAL COMPANY, P. O. Box 157, Madison Square, New York.

GROW MUSHROOMS!
MAKE $40 WEEKLY. Anyone can grow them in cellars or barn. For further particulars address, WAYNE MUSHROOM SPAWN CO., P. O. Box 88, Detroit, Mich.

IN writing to Advertisers, please do not fail to mention that you saw the Advertisement in this paper.

BANK OF ANTIOCH,

EDWARD BROOK,
BANKER.

Buy and Sell Exchange, and do a General Banking Business.

WISCONSIN CENTRAL RAILWAY CO.

Antioch Station 55 Miles North of Chicago

TIME CARD—Antioch Station.

GOING NORTH

Lv. Chicago.		Ar. at Antioch
8:35 AM	No. 5, Daily ex Sunday	10:38 AM
1:30 PM	No. 7, Daily ex Sunday	3:15 PM
4:00 PM	No. 13, Daily	6:30 PM
8:00 AM	Sunday Special	10:00 AM

GOING SOUTH

Lv. Antioch.		Ar. Chicago.
7:14 AM	No. 14, Daily	10:20 AM
11:17 AM	No. 8, Daily ex. Sunday	1:05 PM
4:20 PM	No. 8, Daily ex Sunday	6:15 PM
3:08 PM	No. 2, Daily	10:50 PM
6:30 PM	Sunday Special	8:40 PM

Patrons can now board or leave the above trains at Halstead street, Chicago, instead of the Central station if so desired.

J. W. HANCOCK, Agent, Antioch.

LOTUS CAMP No. 557 M. W. A. meets at 7:30 the first and third Monday evening of every month, in Woodmen hall, Antioch, Illinois. Visiting Neighbors always welcome

J. C. JAMES, JR., V. C.,
C. M. CONNER, Clerk.

SEQUOIT LODGE, No. 827, A. F. & A. M., holds regular communications the First and Third Wednesday evenings of every month. Visiting brethern always welcome.

W. F. ZIEGLER, Sec. JOSEPH TURNER, W. M.

IRWIN DISTRICT COURT, NO. 547 meets the first and third Saturday night in every month, at the Woodman hall.

WALLACE E. DEON, Chancellor.
S. J. EARLE, Recorder.

Check on Umbrella Stealers.

In order to prevent the misappropriation of umbrellas, whether intentionally or otherwise, an eastern inventor has provided a device which will incase the spring latch of an umbrella, to prevent the latter being opened by an unauthorized person. The device is provided with a simple combination lock which renders it impossible for any one not familiar with the proper combination to operate the latch. The lock is so arranged that the owner can open it in the dark, the proper combination being recognized by a number of clicking sounds produced when the lock is being operated.

A Sure Thing.

It is said that nothing is sure except death and taxes, but that is not altogether true. Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption is a sure cure for all lung and throat troubles. Thousands can testify to that. Mrs. C. B. VanMetre, of Shepardtown, W. Va., says, "I had a severe case of bronchitis and for a year tried everything I heard of, but got no relief. One bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery then cured me absolutely." It's infallible for croup, whooping cough, grip, pneumonia and consumption. Try it. It's guaranteed by J. H. Swan, druggist. Trial bottle free Regular sizes 50 cents and $1.00

A Much-Married German.

Marriage is the frequent occurrence with a man in Creglingen, Germany. He has led eleven brides to the altar. His first three wives died young, the next two were drowned, one committed suicide, three died in succession, the tenth was gored to death by a bull, and he has recently married the eleventh, who had a leg cut off by a railway train last year, so that the wedding had to be postponed till now.

Women Preach the Word.

Fifty-three women in the United States have been regularly ordained and are doing the full work of ministers. Forty-five of the fifty-three are married, although some of them were ordained before marriage. Most of them have independent parishes, where they preach, make pastoral visits and officiate at marriages and at funerals.

Quick Arrest

J. A. Gulledge of Verbena, Ala., was twice in the hospital from a severe case of piles causing 24 tumors. After doctors and all remedies failed, Bucklen's Arnica Salve quickley arrested further inflamation and cured him. It conquers aches and kills pain. 25c. at J. H. Swan's druggist.

Iron in Sand.

A curious sight on the coast of Java is a long stretch of shore, about twenty-nine miles in length, where the sand is filled with particles of magnetic iron. In some places it is said that the surface sand contains 80 per cent of iron. It can be smelted, and a company has been formed to exploit the deposits.

Furniture Made From Paper.

The Chinese and Japanese make many articles of furniture out of paper.

We promptly obtain U. S. and Foreign

PATENTS

Send model, sketch or photo of invention for free report on patentability. For free book, How to Secure Patents and TRADE-MARKS write to

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OPPOSITE U. S. PATENT OFFICE
WASHINGTON, D. C.

Ayer's

You can hardly find a home without its Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. Parents know what it does for children: breaks

Cherry Pectoral

up a cold in a single night, wards off bronchitis, prevents pneumonia. Physicians advise parents to keep it on hand.

"The best cough medicine money can buy is Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. For the coughs of children nothing could possibly be better."
JACOB SHULL, Saratoga, Ind.

25c., 50c., $1.00. All druggists. J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

for

Throat, Lungs

Ayer's Pills greatly aid the Cherry Pectoral in breaking up a cold.

Famous War Correspondent.

Sir William Howard Russell, who without his knighthood would still be Dr. Russell, is eighty-four years of age. He is a war correspondent who won his spurs in the Crimea, giving some of the most remarkable letters ever written. He was also present at the siege of Lucknow, another grand opportunity that he did not fail to make the most of. The Italian campaign of 1859, the American civil war, the Danish war, the Franco-Prussian struggle and many campaigns in Africa, he also witnessed, and he made firm friend of King Edward, whom he accompanied as honorary private secretary on his eastern tour in 1875-6.

Good Farinaceous Food.

Dr. Sanchez Reyes, of the Spanish army medical service, strongly recommends as a ration for soldiers in warm climates, el gofio, which is manufactured from wheat, corn, barley, rye and other cereals. The descendants of the gigantic Guanches, he says, are still a herculean race, and yet they subsist upon this farinaceous food almost exclusively.

Fountain Blacking Brush.

A fountain blacking brush is the latest addition to the long list of useful appliances that inventive genius has recently contributed to the home. The commendable feature of this affair, according to the inventor, include cleanliness and thoroughness.

An Open Letter.

From the Chapin, S. C. News: Early in the spring my wife and I were taken with diarrhoea and so severe were the pains that we called a physician who prescribed for us, but his medecines failed to give any relief. A friend who had a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy on hand gave each of us a dose and we at once felt the effects. I procured a bottle and before using the entire contents we were entirely cured. It is a wonderful remedy and should be found in every household. H. C. Bailey, Editor. This remedy is for sale by all druggists.

Gale Sways Rock.

Two of the seismographic instruments set up by the German authorities in Heligoland show plainly that the whole rock sways to and fro when there is a strong westerly gale. Experiments are to be made shortly in order to ascertain to what extent the rock is affected by the firing of the heavy Howitzers.

Elected by Toss of Coin.

Chumleigh, a little Devonshire village, has elected a rural district councilor in a novel way. There were two candidates, and at a meeting it was suggested that they should toss a coin instead of going to a poll. This was agreed to, and with the aid of a shilling the election was settled.—London Express.

The Wisconsin Central Railway.

Reaches the principal points in Wisconsin, offering Pullman Sleepers, Free Reclining Chair Cars, modern coaches and dining and cafe service between Chicago, Milwaukee, Manitowoc and St. Paul, Minneapolis, Ashland and Duluth. Connections are made with diverging lines at all terminal points. Meals served a la carte. For tickets, sleeping car reservations and further information apply to agents of this company or write Jas. C. Pond, Gen. Pass. Agent, Milwaukee, Wis.

Resurrect Electric Motors.

After the cessation of hostilities in South Africa the two shafts of the Knights' deep mine were found to be flooded out. The electric pumps and cables which had been used at the mine had been under water for quite two and one-half years. Notwithstanding, the motors were brought out, dried and set to work again.

Texas Man Has Right Idea.

A man in Texas hauls a load of sand to town, dumps it on the road, and takes back a load of manure in payment. He does the double work of improving the road and at the same time his farm.

Average Age of Ostrich.

Thirty years is the average age of an ostrich, and the annual yield of the bird in captivity is from two to four pounds of plumes.

GENERAL BUTLER'S FACE.

New Interest Attaches to Maine's Broken Coast Line at Owl's Head.

Along Maine's broken coast line there is no point more conspicuous than Owl's Head, where a new attraction has been discovered by William F. Norcross, a Rockland business man. Clambering to a seldom frequented part of the government land, he saw outlined against the sky a remarkably clear profile. A few weeks ago a photographer visited the scene. The result of his snapshot is seen in the accompanying picture. Some who have seen the photograph have remarked



upon its striking resemblance to the late Gen. Benjamin F. Butler.

Owl's Head played an important part in the Indian wars. Here was fought the last battle between the Indians and whites in that part of Maine. It is an ancient Indian tradition that all of the savages killed on the neighboring coast were buried on the Head, and the Smithsonian Institution sent Louis Francis, an Oldtown Indian, there a few years ago to locate the old cemetery. The rocky acres divulged no secrets, however.

WAS SAVED BY A KISS.

Pittsburg Glass Worker Owes Life to Sweetheart—A Romance.

A farewell kiss given by his sweetheart, Miss Hattie Curran, aroused Thomas L. Carter, a Pittsburg glass worker, from a trance and saved him from burial alive.

He was engaged to be married to Miss Curran, and was visiting at her parents' home in Somerset, Pa., when he was stricken with typhoid fever.

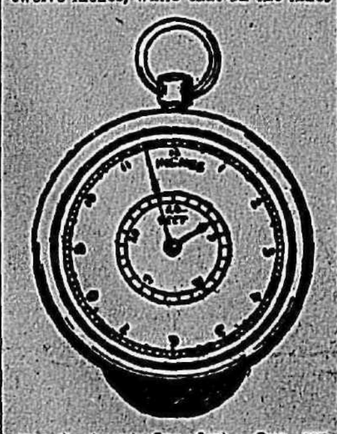
The fever ran its course and it was thought he was recovering when he suddenly sank in a stupor, and when the physician arrived he pronounced him dead. The relatives were notified and arrangements made for the burial.

When the undertaker arrived Miss Curran begged for one last look before he was turned over to the hands of that individual.

It was noticeable that the pallor of death had not spread over his face, and as she stooped and kissed his lips an eyelid fluttered. Immediately steps were taken to resuscitate him, and it is now thought he will recover.—New York Journal.

Handy Little Measure.

This device, a pocket measure, is constructed so that it will indicate distances from one-eight of an inch to 25 feet when simply drawn over the surface to be measured. The hand traversing the outer dial reads up to twelve inches, while that on the inner



runs to twenty-five feet. One convenient use to which the instrument may be put by machinists is in measuring the surface speed of the work in a lathe. It is only necessary to put the measuring wheel in contact with the revolving surface for a fraction of a minute, when the length of surface covered will be found indicated on the dial.

Market Price of Skeletons.

The price of skeletons runs from £10 to £100. The difference has little to do with the condition of the subject when alive. In the cheap skeleton only the framework is preserved. Cheap second hand ones can often be had as low as £3 or £4. The expensive ones have the nervous and circulatory systems preserved. Some of the French skeletons are novels of ingenuity in this direction, each nerve or muscle being fitted with an attachment connecting it with a spiral spring or wire.

A New Umbrella Jar.

A new umbrella jar about nine by twenty-seven inches is certainly much more convenient than the tall ones used in the past. This modern one is long enough to hold not only the umbrellas and parasols, but the canes as well. It is of blue majolica and has a large white daisy sprawling over the front.

DEGREE OF TALMUDIC LAW.

Wives of Jewish Soldiers All Given Conditional Divorce.

According to the Jewish World, a very touching editorial appeared in a recent issue of the Hebrew Daily Hazefirah of Warsaw, Poland, where the editor, Mr. Sorolow, calls attention to the Talmudic law which requires every married man before going on the battlefield to grant a conditional divorce to his wife, that she may remarry if he does not return within a reasonable time after the end of the war.

The rabbis of Lodz have caused all the Jewish soldiers that left that city for the seat of war to grant such divorces, and Editor Sorolow suggests that the example of Lodz should be copied all over Russia.

Every married soldier, volunteer or reserve, registers with a rabbi his name, address, age, height, birthmarks, name of company and regiment he joins, and the rabbi keeps a record of same until the soldier returns from the war.

If a reasonable time after the close of the war elapses and the soldier does not return, he is counted among the lost and unidentified dead, and his wife obtains the divorce from that rabbi granting her the right to remarry.

Rheumatic Pains Relieved.

The prompt relief from the severe pains of sciatica and rheumatism which is afforded by Chamberlain's Pain Balm is alone worth many times its cost. Mr. Williard C. Vail, of Poughkeepsie, N. Y., writes "I am troubled with rheumatism and neuralgia of the nerves and Chamberlain's Balm gives relief quicker than any liniment I have ever used." For sale by all druggists.

Japanese Voters.

To vote for a member of parliament a Japanese must be 25 years old any pay about $7.50 annually in direct national taxation. This rule shuts out nearly 99 per cent of the population of Japan.

A Sign of Weakness.

The extremest case of human weakness on record is that of Dr. Oliver Wendell Holmes, who was prevented from delivering a lecture on account of illness, and wrote to the committee a letter of apology, in which he said: "I am satisfied that if I were offered a $50 bill after my lecture I should not have strength enough left to refuse it."

The Journey.

There was danger enough, God wot—
Treacherous path and pit,
Gray fog to blur the way to her
Where never a star was lit.

It was struggle and slip and strive
Through a hundred deaths and more;
O'er the trail unknown where I went alone
To lay my heart at her door.

And the welcome, the clasp, the kiss,
And the wonderful joy thereof—
They only know who have dared the foe
And have fought their way to love.
—Theodosia Garrison.

Hound Chased by Hare.

A funny hare and hound story is told in an English paper. A very nervous puppy was being entered with a pack of harriers. She was alone when the hare came down the road in a tremendous hurry. The hound saw the hare and bolted, and for some yards the novel sight was seen of a hound apparently being hunted by the hare.

A Startling Test.

To save a life, Dr. T. G. Merritt, of No. Mehoopany, Pa., made a startling test resulting in a wonderful cure. He writes, "a patient was attacked with hemmorrhages, caused by ulceration of the stomach I had often found Electric Bitters excellent for acute stomach and liver troubles so I prescribed them. The patient gained from the first, and has not had an attack in 14 months." Electric Bitters are positively guaranteed for dyspepsia, indigestion, constipation and kidney troubles. Try them Only 50 cents at J. H. Swan's.

Korea's Population.

The population of Korea, as shown by a monograph just issued by the Bureau of Statistics is 15,000 in round numbers, its area about equal to that of the state of Kansas, and its foreign commerce at about $12,000,000, of which imports form about $7,500,000.

Electricity and Magnetism.

It can be said with reasonable certainty that electricity and magnetism are states of disturbances in the universal ether, although the exact kind of disturbance can not yet be defined, partly because the mechanism of the ether itself must be sufficiently known in order to differentiate its disturbed conditions from its normal conditions.

Picture of Ancient Warfare.

At Nimrod, Assyria, a carved slab showing the siege of a castle was found on which a soldier was represented in the act of cutting a rope to which a bucket for drawing water from a well outside the castle walls was attached.

The Knowing Diplomat.

"At what age do you consider women the most charming?" asked the inquisitive female of more or less uncertain age. "At the age of the woman who asks the question," answered the man, who was a diplomat.

Liberty Postage Stamps.

In celebration of the centenary of Servia's liberation from Turkish rule, the Servian government is about to issue a special series of postage stamps.

The Cost of Great Wars.

It cost France over $2,000,000 a day to keep an army of 600,000 men in the field against the Germans. The Austrian economist, Shaffle, eight years ago declared that a war involving the continental powers of Europe would cost France over $5,600,000 a day, Russia $5,600,000; Germany, $5,000,000 and Austria $6,000,000. The figures would probably be larger to-day, and if made to include Great Britain, the United States and China, the expenditure for waste, destruction and death would aggregate nearly $40,000,000 every twenty-four hours, or more than a million and a half an hour.—Boston Transcript.

To Travel at High Speed.

Stimulated by the laying down of a mono-rail electric line between Berlin and Hamburg, which is now in process of construction, the French have commenced the necessary surveys for a similar line between Paris and Marseilles. But they intend to open a new record in the matter of speed. The German trains are to make 120 miles an hour; the French ones 186 miles an hour.

Cows Wear Ear-Rings.

The cows in Belgium wear ear-rings. This is in accordance with law, which decrees that every animal of the bovine species, when it attained the age of three months, must have in its ear a ring to which is attached a metal tag bearing a number. The object is to preserve an exact record of the number of animals raised each year.

Increase Pay of Police.

The Canadian government has decided to increase the pay of the Dominion police. The only question is as to the amount of the increase, whether it shall be 15 cents all around or a graded increase of 15, 10 and 5 cents, according to the length of service.

World Evangelization.

Eight hundred young men and women, representing twenty universities, attended a recent conference of student volunteers at Edinburgh, to discuss "The Evangelization of the World in This Generation."

Valuable Scholarship.

A scholarship valued at $150 has recently been established in the New Mexico School of Mines, open to the best member of the graduating class of each year desiring to make a special study of mineral machinery in the large manufacturing works.

Pinesalve contains all the antiseptic and healing properties of the pine. There is no sore, boil or abrasion of the skin that Pinesalve will not cure. For burns and cuts and as a family salve Pinesalve is the best in the world. Sold at Swan's drug store.

Chinese Labor Organizations.

There are many local labor organizations in China, but they are more like mutual life, sickness and accident insurance companies than trade unions. There are few unions devoted to regulating hours and wages.

Stations of the Cross.

In the devout villages of Catholic countries the first thirteen stations of the cross are often erected out of doors, the last station being the shrine of the village church.

Severe Test for Divers.

Divers in the British navy, before being passed as proficient in their craft, have to be able to work in twelve fathoms of water for an hour and in twenty fathoms for a quarter of an hour.

German Canaries.

The canaries of Germany excel all other canaries as singers. One has been known to continue a single trill for a minute and a quarter, with twenty changes of note in it.

Russian Law is Inexorable.

The Russian law, which compels all Jews to live in the ghettos of the cities, is not modified even in the case of invalids, who might save their lives by a change of air.

Humming Bird Flower.

There is a wild flower in Turkey which is the exact floral image of a humming bird. The breast is green, the wings are deep rose color, the throat yellow, the head and beak almost black.

Buys Costly Painting.

Charles P. Taft, of Cincinnati, has purchased Corot's "Le Soir" for $75,000 and Diaz's "Autumn, Forest of Fontainbleau," for $35,000 from a New York dealer.

To Beautify Black Country.

The so-called Black country, England, is to be made beautiful again by sowing the seeds of trees over the vast areas of furnace refuse and iron and coal waste.

Secret Marks on Bank Notes.

The secret marks on Bank of England notes by which forgeries are so rapidly detected are constantly being changed. The microscope will reveal many such peculiarities to an observant eye.

Yukon Navigation.

According to a magazine devoted to engineering the Yukon river, which is 2,400 miles in length, is navigable by steamer for over 2,000 miles.

Depth of the Niagara.

The general depth of the Niagara river at the brink of the falls is four feet.

His Package.

I got a Christmas package,
It was a costly gift;
Indeed, that Christmas package
Was all that I could lift.

I did not get that package
All at a single store;
That package I collected
At fifteen shops or more.

I carried home that package
And rang the front door bell;
My wife beheld that package,
But did not greet it well.

She gazed upon that package
And icily she said,
"Where did you get that package?
You monster, go to bed."
—Nome News.

A SUBSTITUTE FOR PRAYER.

One Man's Reason for Not Attending Revival Services.

The late Dr. Otis Avery of Honesdale, Pa., said he was the first American ever to receive a dentist's certificate.

Dr. Avery was talking one afternoon to a reporter about the earlier, unenlightened days of Honesdale.

"We had not then," he said, "as much religious feeling as we have now. I remember a revival service, very poorly attended, that was held during a certain winter. The revivalist, since the people would not come to him, went out to them, and on the street corners he would halt and question them concerning their religious beliefs.

"'I haven't seen you at our revival,' he said to one very old, bent man.

"'What would I be doin' there?' the other answered.

"'Don't you ever pray?' said the revivalist.

"The old man shook his head.

"'No,' he said, 'I carry a rabbit's foot.'"—New York Tribune.

Made Young Again.

"One of Dr. King's New Life Pills each night for two weeks has put me in my 'teens' again" writes D. H. Turner of Dempseytown, Pa. They're the best in the world for liver, stomach, and bowles. Purely vegetable. Never gripe. Only 25c. at J. H. Swan's drug store.

London Bridge Traffic.

A "census" of the vehicles passing over London bridge was taken for seven days. The number of vehicles was 125,373.

French Family Life.

Family life in France has greatly improved in recent decades. It is less customary than formerly to have daughters brought up entirely in convents, or to send the children to live with their nurse in her country home.

Rat Eat Lint.

At the outbreak of the war the medical department at St. Petersburg should have had in store about $15,000 worth of line. There was none. The official explanation is that the lint was "eaten by rats."

More Freedom for Women.

The woman of present-day Japan lives under far more liberal laws than her mother did. There is now a law for divorce by mutual consent. Women lecturers are not unknown.

To Get Rid of Ants.

Sprigs of wintergreen or ground ivy, it is claimed, will drive away red ants, and branches of wormwood will serve the same purpose for black ants.

Romance and Common Sense.

A line in one of Moore's songs runs thus: "Our couch shall be roses bespangled with dew." To which a sensible girl is said to have replied: "Twould give me the rheumatics, and so it would you!"

You cannot cure piles by external application. ManZan is put up in a collapsible tube, with nozzle, and is applied where most needed. ManZan stops the pain, soothes, cools and cures. Sold at Swan's drug store.

Bricklaying Machine.

By a recent Canadian invention bricklaying is done by machine. The machine will do all plain work and do it more firmly than is possible by hand. Each machine is managed by two men and a boy and does the work of six or seven skilled bricklayers. Its operation can be learned in two weeks.

Descendant of Mohammed.

A lineal descendant of Mohammed lives the life of a small shopkeeper in Cairo, Egypt. The famous ancestry of the tradesman is familiar throughout the city and insures good trade, especially among the tourists. The ship is a very modest affair and the stock in trade is not large.

Language Problem.

The English language, writes a correspondent to the London Globe, contains three words, to, too, and two, sounded alike. Now, it is easy to say "There are three to-too-two's in English," but how would you write it, using one of the words only? That is, would the plural be "to's," "too's," or "two's"?

Sermon from Experience.

"One way ter beat Satan," said the colored deacon, "is ter rise up airly, en keep in de furrow fum sunup ter sundown; en yit, w'en a man does dat faithful six days in de week he almos' feels lake gwine ter h—ll on a vacation!"—Atlanta Constitution.

Cater to Golf Players.

The playing of golf on Sundays is practiced to such an extent that in a certain parish in England, it is said, the hour of services has been changed to suit the convenience of players.